

(THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013)
COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF
KOTHARIINDUSTRIAL CORPORATIONLIMITED

I. The name of the Company is "KOTHARI INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED"

II. The Registered Office of the Company will be situated in the State of Tamil Nadu.

III. (A) The objects to be pursued by the Company on its incorporation are:

1. To acquire and take over the entire undertakings and assets and liabilities of all or any of the following Companies namely :-

(i) Blue Mountain Estates and Industries Limited

(ii) Waterfall Estates Limited.

(iii) Balmadies Plantations Limited.

(iv) Kothari Textiles Limited.

(v) Adoni Spinning & Weaving Company Limited.

by Schemes of arrangement and Amalgamation or otherwise and to carry on the business carried on hitherto by them.

2. To carry on the business in all their branches of spinning and weaving mills and of spinners, weavers, bleachers, dyers, printers and finishers of cotton, silk, wool, rayon, natural and synthetic fibres and fibrous substances of all kinds.
- 3(a) 1. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers and exporters, wholesale and retail dealers of and in men's, women's and children's clothing and wearing apparel of every kind, nature and description including shirts, bush-shirts, pyjama suits, vests, underwears, suits, foundation garments for ladies dresses, brassieres, maternity belts, knee caps, coats, panties, nighties and so on.
2. To carry on the business of manufacturers, importers and exporters wholesale and retail dealers of and in hosiery goods of every kind, nature and description, for men, women, and children including vests, underwears, socks, stockings, seaters, laces and so on and of all or anything which is used in hosiery goods.
3. To carry on all or any of the business of dealers and manufacturers of all kinds of threads, carpets, durries, mats, rugs, namdas, blankets, shawls, tweeds, linens, flannels and all other articles of woollen and worsted materials and of all articles similar to the foregoing or any of them or connected therewith.

4. To purchase or otherwise acquire or take on lease any land or building in India or elsewhere in any part of the world and to work and to construct on such land, buildings houses and sheds, necessary and adapted to the working of spinning and weaving mills, jute mills, and cotton press and ginning factories to provide machinery, engines and apparatus requisite for the construction of such mills and factories and for the due and efficient working thereof, to buy raw cotton, wool, jute, silk and other fibrous substances and to spin, weave and work and to clean, pack the same and sell the materials so manufactured and to do and perform all such acts and things as may be necessary and conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them.
5. To carry on the business of the manufacture, import, export, purchase, sale and as sales agents in fertilisers of all kinds including chemical and natural fertilisers and mixtures thereof.
6. To carry on the business of manufacturers, processors, dealers, agents, importers, exporters, merchants, distributors and stockists of sulphuric acid and super-phosphate and other chemicals of all kinds in all its branches.
7. To carry on the business of importers, manufacturers, and dealers in chemicals, drugs, insecticides, disinfectants, pharmaceuticals, industrial and other preparations and things of any kind whatsoever.
8. To prepare, manipulate, render marketable any of the products which the Company is authorised to manufacture, deal or produce.
9. To carry on the business of manufacture of Sugar in all its branches.
10. To purchase, manufacture, produce, boil, refine, prepare, import, export, sell and generally to deal in sugar, sugar-candy, jaggery, sugar-beet, sugar-cane, bagasse, molasses, syrups, malada, alcohol, spirits and all sugar products such as confectionery, glucose, sugar-candy, canned fruit, golden syrup and aerated waters and /or by-products such as bagasse, boards, paper pulp, paper, butyl alcohol, acetone, carbon-di-oxide, hydrogen, potash, canvas and fertilisers and food products generally, and in connection therewith to acquire, construct, operate factories for the manufacture of sugar or any of its products, or by-products and acquire or manufacture machinery for any of the above purposes.

11. To carry on the business of brewers and maltsters in all its branches, and to carry on the manufacture of yeast and yeast-products, citric acid and all or any products within the use or for the utilisation of any by-products resulting in the course of manufacture of the same.
12. To carry on, in all or any of their branches, all or any of the business, following : namely, manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of cotton and synthetic hosiery goods and worsted and woollen goods and goods made of jute, hemp, flax, cellulosic fibres, synthetic polymers, metallic fibres, glass fibres, protein fibres rubber, fibres, rayons and all kinds of man-made and other fibres or fibrous substances, natural or otherwise; manufacturers of and dealers in welding flux and powders, vitriol, bleaching and dyeing materials, resins, chemicals and bichromate plant products; manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of cloth, fabrics and garments, dyers, finishers and dressers, manufacturers of and dealers in leather and leather goods.
13. To carry on, in all or any of its branches, the business of manufacturers, processors, dealers, importers and exporters of timber, forest products, coirs and composites; Plastics and Plastic products, P.V.C. pulps and fibres and sell generally and all such materials and forest products.
14. To carry on in India or elsewhere the business of acting as consultants and advisers in respect of matters relating to technical, operational, industrial know-how, project and or design engineering, scientific and other research, feasible studies, financial budgetary control, taxation, legal, industrial and labour relations, company promotion formation and registration and all other matters in any way connected or concerned with or relating thereto.
15. To carry on the business of electrical engineers, electricians, engineers, contractors, manufacturers, constructors, suppliers of and dealers in electrical and electronic equipments and other appliances, cable wire lines, dry cells, automative batteries, electric batteries, nickel cadmium cells, photo flash cells and electric cells of all descriptions including train lighting cells, dry and leak proof batteries, air-conditioning apparatus and refrigerating apparatus and appliances in all or any of their details and branches and processes.
16. -A. To carry on the business of manufacturers, assemblers, importers and exporters, dealers and merchants of watches, wrist watches, time-pieces, clocks, electronic watches and other instrument for measuring time, chronometers and horological instruments, time-controlled mechanisms including time-fuses, components and spare parts thereof.
17. To carry on business as manufacturers of chemicals in all its branches, gas makers, metallurgists, and mechanical engineers, ship-owners and charterers, and carries by land and sea, wharfingers, and warehousing barge-owners, and so far as may be deemed expedient the business of general merchants; and to carry on any other business whether manufacturing or otherwise, which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above, or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the company's property or rights.
18. To carry on business as merchants, importers, exporters, dealers and distributors of all kinds of agricultural and horticultural products, manufactured goods, merchandise, and goods of all kinds and to carry on business as Sales Agents, Commission Agents,

Brokers or intermediaries, for the purchase, sale or dealing in any class of goods and to do all kinds of Agency business.

- 19-A. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor rural development programmes, including any programme for promoting the social and economic welfare of or the uplift of the public in any rural area and to incur any expenditure on any programme of rural development and to assist the execution and promotion thereof either directly or through_ an independent agency or in any other manner. Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing "programme of rural development" shall also include any programme for promoting social and economic welfare of or uplift of the public in any rural areas which the Director consider likely to promote and assist rural development, and that the words "rural area" shall include such areas as may be regarded as rural areas under Section 35-CC and other applicable provisions if any of the Income-tax Act. 1961, or any other law relating to rural development for the time being in force or as may be regarded by the Directors as rural areas and the Directors may at their discretion in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value as the Directors may think fit and divest the ownership of any property of the Company to or in favour of any Public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any Public or other institutions of Trusts recognised or approved by the Central or State Government or any authority Specified in that behalf by such Government or established under any law for the time being in force as the Directors may approve.

20-B. To undertake, carry out, promote and sponsor or assist any activity for the promotion and growth of national economy and for discharging what the Directors may consider to be social and moral responsibilities of the company to the public or any section of the public as also any activity which the Directors consider likely to promote national welfare or social economic or moral uplift of the public or any Section of the public and in such manner and by such means as the Directors may think fit and the Directors may without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing undertake, carryout, promote and sponsor any activity for publication through books, literature, newspaper or other similar and allied media including television or for organising lectures or seminars likely to advance these objects or for giving merit awards, for giving scholarships loans or any other assistance to deserving students or other scholars or persons to enable them to prosecute their studies or pursuits or researchers and for establishing, conducting or assisting any institution. Fund, Trust or other Body, having any one of the aforesaid objects as one of its objects, by giving donations or otherwise in any other manner and the Directors may at their discretion in order to implement any of the above mentioned objects or purposes transfer without consideration or at such fair or concessional value as the Directors may think fit and divest the ownership of any property of the company to or in favour of any public or Local Body or Authority or Central or State Government or any authority specified in that behalf by such Government or established under any law for the time being in force as the Directors may approve.

Mining

20-C. 1. To purchase, take on lease or acquire by concession, grant, licence, otherwise acquire any mining rights, mines and lands in India or elsewhere believed to contain metallic, or mineral, saline or chemical substances, major and minor minerals, ores, stone earths together with such rights as may be agreed upon and granted by Government or other rulers or owners thereof and to expend such sums of moneys as may be deemed requisite and advisable in exploration survey and development and exploitation thereof for the benefit of the Company.

2. To search for and to purchase or otherwise acquire from any Government state or authority, any licences, concessions, grants, decrees, rights, powers and privileges whatsoever, for major and minor minerals, stones, granites, earths etc. which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account and to work, develop. carry- out, exercise and turn to account the same.

20D. To carry on the business of letting on hire or selling under hire purchase or otherwise, on such terms and conditions as may be decided by the Board from time to time all kinds of machinery, ships, barges, automobiles and _vehicles of every kind and description, computers, office equipments of every kind, construction machinery, tools, fixtures, equipment of every kind and machinery of all kinds and description.

20E. To carry on the business of purchasing and letting on lease in any part of India or abroad all kinds of machinery, plants, tools, jigs and fixtures, agricultural machinery, ships, travelers, vessels, barges, automobiles and vehicles of every kind and description, computers, office equipment of every kind construction machinery of all types and descriptions, air conditioning plants, aircrafts, and electronic equipment of all kinds and descriptions and equipment and machinery of all kinds and description.

20F. 1. To purchase, sell, develop, take in exchange, or on lease, hire or otherwise acquire, whether for investment or sale, or working the same, any real or personal estate including lands, business, building, factories, mill, houses, cottages, shops, depots, warehouses, machinery,

plant, stock in trade, mineral rights, concessions, privileges, licenses, easement or interest in or with respect to any property or interest in or with respect to any property whatsoever for the purpose of the Company in consideration for a gross sum or rent or partly in one way and partly in the other or for any other consideration and to carry on business as proprietors of flats and buildings and to let on lease or otherwise apartments therein and to provide for the conveniences commonly provided in flats, suites and residential and business quarters.

2. To provide long term finance to any person or persons or co-operative societies or association of persons or body of individuals either at interest or without and/or with or without any security for construction, purchase, enlarge or repair of any house, flats, raw houses, bungalows, rooms, huts used for residential purposes either in total or part thereof or to purchase any free hold or leasehold lands, estate or interest in any property to be used for residential purposes.

*21. 1. To carry on the business of buy, sell, trade, deal in or distribute, act as commission agents, brokers, facilitators, clearing and forwarding agents, to import/ export natural of minerals, oils or other natural resources, river sand and other allied minerals, M sand and or any other artificially or synthetically manufactured sand fit for construction, infrastructure projects by whatever name called, civil constructions of all types and or any other allied products including through mining or dredging of canals, seas and other natural places, either in India or outside India and for the purpose to form partnerships or joint ventures with such person/s.

2. To carry on the business of general logistic service provider, to carry on business as general carriers and freight forwarders and to provide passenger carrier services, carrier freight transport, courier, truck, light or heavy haulage and delivery services by land, road, railway, sea, river, canal, water, or air for and in connection with any containers, packages, parcels, mails, goods or bulk commodities and for that purpose to purchase, hire or take on charter any ships, tugs, barges, lorries, vans, trailers and other vessels or vehicles of any description and to carry, collect, store, consign, distribute, transfer and deliver goods, wares, post, merchandise, parcels, packages, baggage, freight, animals, livestock, timber, coal, oil, ores and other minerals and other property of every description by any mode of transportation, and generally for such purposes to build, own, lease, acquire, manage and operate warehouses, bonded warehouses, container freight and terminal stations, cold storage facilities, open stock and dumping yards, yard for segregation of wastes, disposal of wastages and dredging operations act as agents for shippers and consigners, and to issue warehouse warrants and receipts and bills of lading.

***Inserted vide special resolution passed at EGM held on 26.02.2019**

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22. To Carry on the business of import, export, sales, and purchase, of U.A.V (unmanned aerial /under water /surface vehicle)/Drones (in all categories) Company with Objectives to provide Design, Develop and manufacture UAV's /Drones focusing on providing services to Agriculture, mapping, survey, surveillance, training pilots, educations, defence, medical, utility market, software/mobile application development/services used for drones, accessories development and integration like camera modules, sensors and all other service activities.

23. 1. To carry on the business of Geo-spatial services, Digital photogrammetry, Light Deduction and Ranging (LiDAR), Mobile Light Deduction and Ranging (LiDAR), Ortho photo, Geographical Information system (GIS), Remote sensing, on shore & off shore survey, seismic data processing, consultancy & training, Geophysics analyze, Environmental studies, Environmental Engineering, Environmental impact assessment service, Geographical Information System (GIS) Engineering services, Computer Aided Design services, Computer Aided Design drafting and designing, PLS Computer Aided Design, geo Optimization solutions, Geo marketing and logistics services, satellite

image processing and marketing services, GPR (Ground Penetrating Radar) and Bathymetric Survey and others related services.

2. To carry on the business of Geo-technical & Hydro Geological Survey.
3. To carry on the business of renewable energy development project. Oil & GAS projects, Forest Management, Mineral ore prospecting and all mining sector services.
4. To carry on the business of Geographical Information System (GIS) software development and consultancy, web developing and utility services in Geographical Information System (GIS), scanning & Networking.
5. To carry on the business of Information Technologies and Information Technology enabled services.
24. To carry on the business of manufacturers, sales, dealers, importers, exporters and commission agents of footwear, leather and non-leather goods.
25. To carry on the business of Marketing, Software development and Business consulting.

***Inserted vide special resolution passed at AGM held on 27.09.2022**

Sub clause no 2,3,4, 5(a) 8, 5(a) 12, 5(a) 15 of clause existing Clause III (A) containing the Main Objects hereby stands deleted and further sub-clauses has been renumbered accordingly via special resolution passed at EGM held on 15.02.2025.

B. Matters which are necessary for furtherance of the objects specified in Clause III (A) are:

26. To acquire by purchase, grant, concession, lease or otherwise forests, timber, wood of all kinds whether standing or otherwise, lumbering and cutting rights and privileges.
27. To purchase, take on lease, or in exchange hire or otherwise acquire any immovable or movable property and any rights, or privileges, licenses, or easements which the Company may think necessary or convenient with reference to any of these objects and capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the Company's property or rights for the time being and to erect, establish, maintain, improve and work any buildings, offices, presses, mills, factories, houses, sheds, roads, mountain transport services, dams, sluices, water courses and other works.
28. To purchase or otherwise acquire, erect, maintain, reconstruct and adapt any buildings, offices, workshops, mills, plant, machinery, accessories, and other things found necessary or convenient for the purpose of the Company and also to extend the business of the Company by adding to, altering, enlarging all or any of the buildings, premises and machinery for the time being the property of the Company, on all or any of the lands for the time being the property of or in possession of the Company, and by expending from time to time such sums of the moneys as may be necessary or expedient for the purpose of improving adding to, altering, repairing and maintaining the building and machinery and property for the time being of the company.
29. To buy, sell, manufacture, repair, alter, improve, exchange or hire, import and export and deal in all works plant, machinery tools, and utensils, appliances, apparatus, products. materials, substances. articles and things capable of being used in any and every such business as aforesaid or required by any customers or of persons having dealings with the Company or commonly dealt in by persons

engaged in any such business or which may seem capable of being profitably dealt with in connection with any of the said businesses and to manufacture, experiment with, render marketable, and deal in all residual and by-products incidental to or obtained in any of the business carried on by the Company.

30. To pay for any immovable or movable property or assets of any kind acquired or to be acquired by the Company or for any services rendered or to be rendered to the company and generally to pay or discharge any consideration to be paid or given by the company, in money or in shares whether fully or partly paid-up, debentures or debenture stock, or obligations of the Company, or partly in one way and partly in another, or otherwise howsoever, with power to issue any shares either as fully paid or partly paid-up for such purposes.
31. To purchase or by any other means acquire and protect, prolong and renew, whether in India or elsewhere, any patents, patent rights, trade marks, designs brevets d'invention, licenses, protections and concessions which may appear likely to be advantageous, or useful to the Company, and to use and turn to account, and manufacture under or grant licences or privileges in respect of the same and to spend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any patents, inventions or rights which the Company may acquire or propose to acquire.
32. To sell or in any other manner deal with or dispose of the undertaking or property of the Company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures and other securities of any other company.
33. To enter into such arrangements as the Company may think proper with any Public Authority for building chawls and tenements on the property of the Company or on the properties of others and to let the same either to the employees of the Company or to others and upon such terms as the Company may think proper.
34. To draw, make, accept, endorse, seal, execute, negotiate, purchase, discount, hold and dispose of cheques, promissory notes, bills of exchange, hundies, drafts, charter parties, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable documents and contracts, deed and instruments, and to cancel and vary such instruments and to open any kind of account in any bank.
35. To receive money on deposit or loan at interest or otherwise and to lend and advance money with or without security to such persons and Companies and on such terms as may seem expedient, without doing banking business as defined in the Banking Companies Act, 1949.
36. To insure with any person or company against losses, damage, risks and liabilities of any kind which may affect the Company either wholly or partially, and, if thought fit, to effect any such insurance by joining or becoming members of any mutual insurance, protection or indemnity association, federation or society, and to accept any such insurances, or any part thereof, for the account of the Company.
37. To borrow or raise money, by itself or jointly with others at interest or otherwise in such manner as the Company may think fit, and in particular by the issue of debentures, perpetual or otherwise including debenture convertible into shares of this or any other company, or perpetual annuities; and in security of any such money so borrowed, raised or received, to mortgage, pledge or charge the whole or any part of the property, assets or revenue of the company, present or future, including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders power of sale and other powers as may seem expedient, and to, purchase, redeem, or pay off any such securities.

38. To accumulate funds and to lend, invest or otherwise employ moneys belonging or entrusted to the Company upon securities and shares, or without security upon such terms as may be thought proper, and from time to time to vary such transactions in such manner as the Company may think fit but not to do the business of Banking within the meaning of the Banking Companies Act, 1949.
39. To guarantee the payment of the money and the performance of contracts or engagements entered into by any company or person and to secure the payment of the money and the performance of any contracts or engagements entered into by this or any other company or persons, and to discharge any debt or other obligation of or binding upon this or any other company or person by mortgage or charge upon all or any part of the undertaking, property and rights of the company (either present or future or both) including its uncalled capital or by the creation or issue of debentures, debenture stock or other securities or by any other means.
40. To make pecuniary grants by way of donation, contribution, subscription, pension allowance or gratuity and to render assistance otherwise to or for the benefit of persons who are or have been employed by the company or its predecessors and the widows, orphans and dependents of any of such persons, to or in aid of charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national, international and public institutions, objects or purposes, or to any Individual or body, to associations, or organisations or funds for the defence, protection, indemnification, or advantage of companies or others, for any exhibition and for the promotion of or opposition to any Bill in Parliament or State Legislature or any like purpose.
41. To lend money either with or without security and generally to such persons, firms, Association or Companies and upon such terms and conditions, as the Company may think fit, in connection with the business of the Company.
42. To carry on any other business (whether manufacturing or otherwise) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with the above or calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's property or rights.
43. To carry on in any place or places in the world any trade or business, whether manufacturing or otherwise. subsidiary or auxiliary to, or which can be conveniently carried on in connection with any of the Company's objects; and to establish and maintain any agencies in any part of the world for the conduct of the business of the Company, or for the sale of any materials or things for the time being at the disposal of the Company for sale; and to advertise and adopt means of making known all or any of the manufacture, products or goods of the Company, of any articles, or goods traded or dealt in by the Company in any way that may be thought advisable, including the posting of the bills in relation thereto, and the issue of circulars, books, pamphlets and price lists, and the conducting of competitions and the giving of prizes, rewards, and donations but not by way of lottery.
44. To be interested in, promote, and undertake the formation and establishment of such institutions, business, companies, (industrial, agricultural, trading, manufacturing or other) as may be considered to be conducive to the profit and interest of the company; and to carry on any other business (industrial, agricultural, trading, manufacturing or other) which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects or otherwise calculated directly or indirectly to render any of the Company's property or rights for the time being profitable, and also to acquire, promote, aid, foster, subsidise or acquire interests in any industry or undertaking in any country or countries whatsoever.

45. To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake the whole. or any part of the business, property, rights and liabilities of any person, firm or company, carrying on any business which the company is authorised to carry on, or possessed of property or rights suitable for any of the purposes of the Company, and to purchase, acquire, sell and deal in property, of any such person, firm, or company and to conduct, make or carry into effect any arrangements, in regard to the winding up of the business of any person, firm or company, association or society.
46. To enter into partnership or into any agreement for sharing profits, union of interest, reciprocal concession, amalgamation or co-operation, with any corporation or company carrying on or about to carry on, or engage in any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of, and to subsidise or otherwise assist any such Company, and to sell, hold, reissue with or without guarantee or promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit the company.
47. To amalgamate with any other company or companies having objects altogether or in part similar to those of this Company.
48. To promote and form and to be interested in, and take, hold and dispose of shares in other Companies, to transfer to any such company any property of this Company, and to take or otherwise acquire, hold and dispose of shares, debentures and other securities, in or of any such company. and subsidies or otherwise assist any such Company.
49. To undertake and execute any trust which may be considered beneficial to the Company either directly or indirectly.
50. To assist any company, financially or otherwise, by issuing or subscribing for or guaranteeing the subscription and issue of capital, shares, stock, debentures, debenture stock or other securities; and to take, hold shares, stock and securities of any company notwithstanding there may be liability thereon.
51. To take or otherwise acquire and hold shares in any other company, and to pay for any properties, rights or privileges, acquired by this Company either in shares of this Company, or partly in shares and partly in cash, or otherwise, and to give shares or stock of this Company in exchange for shares or stock of any other company
52. To apply for, promote and obtain the incorporation, registration, or other recognition of the Company. state or place and to establish and regulate agencies for the purpose of the Company's business and to apply or join in applying to any Parliament, Local Government, Municipal or other authority or body, British, Colonial or foreign for any acts or Parliament laws, decrees, concessions, orders, rights or privileges that may seem conducive to the Company's objects or any of them and to oppose by lawful means any proceedings or applications which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to prejudice the Company's interest.
53. To improve, manage, work, develop, lease, mortgage, abandon or otherwise deal with, all or any part of the property, rights and concessions of the Company:
54. To create any Depreciation Fund, Reserve Fund, Sinking Fund, Insurance Fund, or any other Special Fund. whether for repairing, improving, extending or maintaining any of the property of the Company, or for any other purposes conducive to the interests of the Company.

55. To distribute any of the properties of the Company amongst the members in specie or kind, as permissible in law.
56. To provide for the welfare of the employees or ex-employees of the Company and the wives, widows and families or the dependents or connections of such persons, by building or contributing to the building of houses, dwellings or chawls, or by grants of money pensions, providing insurance, allowances, bonus or other payments or by creating and from time to time subscribing or contributing to provident or other associations, institutions, funds or trust, and by providing or subscribing or contributing towards places of instructions and recreation, hospitals and dispensaries, medical and other attendance and other assistance as the Company shall think fit, and to subscribe or contribute or otherwise to assist or to guarantee money to charitable, benevolent, religious, scientific, national or other institution, associations and objects which shall have any moral or other claim to support or aid by the Company either by reason of locality of operation or of public and general utility otherwise.
57. Subject to Section 52 of the Companies Act, 2013, to place to reserve or to distribute as dividends or bonus among the members, or otherwise to apply, as the Company may from time to time think fit, any moneys received by way of premium on shares or debentures issued at a premium by the Company, and moneys received in respect of dividends accrued on forfeited shares and moneys arising from the sale by the Company of forfeited shares or from unclaimed dividends.
58. To adopt such means of making known the products of business carried on by the Company as may be deemed expedient, and in particular by advertising in the Press by circulars and slides or purchase or exhibition of work of art and interest and publication of books and periodicals and by granting prizes, awards and donations.
59. To do all or any of the above things and all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them in any part of the Union of India and of the World and as principals, agents, contractors, trustees or otherwise, and by or through trustees, agents, or otherwise and either alone or in conjunction with others.
60. To refer or agree to refer to arbitration, any claim, demand, dispute, legal proceedings or any other question, by or against the company, or in which the company is interested or concerned.
61. To carry on business as financiers, and to undertake and carry out all such operations and transactions (except insurance business within the meaning of the Insurance Act, and the business of Banking within the meaning of the Banking Companies Act) as an individual may lawfully undertake and carry on.
62. To carry on any scientific research or other research which may be of benefit to the Company, to establish, conduct and carry on any educational or other institution and research or such other activities for the attainment of the above objects.
63. To employ experts to investigate and examine into the condition, prospects, value, character and circumstances of any business concerns, and undertakings and generally of any assets, property or rights.
 1. To manufacture, conduct Research and Development, buy, sell, assemble, import, export, distribute, service, repair, deal in, trade, develop, apply for patents, lease out, act as agents in all or any of the following :
 - (a) Electronic equipments, Computers of all types including Mini/Computer/Micro processor based systems, Computer components and computer peripherals including Printers, Key Boards, Visual Display Units (VDUs), Automatic Tellers, Automatic Cash Dispensing Equipment, Magnetic Ink Encoders, and Magnetic Ink Character Reading systems and such

other hard ware developments that may come into existence from time to time. Telecommunication equipments and peripherals such as PABX/PAX, EPABX, Digital Switching Equipment, Communication Switching Equipment Magnetic Tapes, Floppy Diskettes, Hard Discs and such other input Media as may come into existence from time to time.

- (b) Micro-processor based control equipments and instrumentations, Medical Electronic Equipments and Instruments, Optical Character Readers, Data Transmission Equipment. Micro Fiche Micro Filming equipment, Office Automation Equipments, and machineries and equipments required for office communication reproduction facilities equipments, multi-copying facilities I multi-copying application, record maintenance systems, Fascimile Transmission and Receiving equipment.
2. To undertake software development for domestic and export markets and to undertake/ manufacture hardware required for installation or leasing of long distance communication network including satellite communication network, for Domestic and International markets. To undertake data processing, creation of data base and hiring out of such facilities.
3. To carry out research, investigation, developmental and experimental work of every description in relation to micro-processor and based systems and in all fields of electronics and to provide consultancy services and undertake turnkey projects in the above and other related areas.
4. To appoint/act as agents in India and elsewhere for sales of Electronic Products and to buy materials required by the Company and to act as agents for software.
64. To carry on the business as hoteliers, hotel proprietors, hotel managers and operators, refreshment contractors and caterers, restaurant keepers, refreshment room proprietors, milk and snack bar proprietors, cafe and tavern proprietors, lodging house proprietors. ice-cream merchants, sweetmeat merchants, milk manufacturers and merchants, bakers, confectioners, professional merchants, licensed victuallers, wine and spirit merchants, blenders and bottlers and amusement park owners.
65. To carry on the business of extraction of oil including industrial oils by mechanical, electrical and/or chemical means from all or any of the following kinds and or types of commodities viz. rice bran, oil bearing seeds and nuts and plantation crops and also for manufacture of all by-products resulting for the said operation and extraction of oil.
66. To carry on the business in all types of aromatic, perfumery and flavouring synthetics like phenones, acetylene derivatives, anthranilates alcohols, aldehydes, ketones, esters, acids, salicylates, all types of synthetic musks, vanillin and its compounds, and derivatives, coumarin and its derivatives and compounds, other compounds or chemicals or derivatives used in perfumery industry, all essential oils both natural and synthetic, all raw materials and compounds required for the manufacture of the above products made from with the use of any of the by-products made from or with the use of any of the by products thereof.
67. To carry on the business as importers, exporters, manufacturers of and dealers in all kinds of household appliances including refrigerators, dryers, heaters, presses, pressure cookers, ovens, cooking ranges, hot plates, other cooking utensils of all types, containers, buckets, toasters, mixers, washing machines and other electric appliances including radios, televisions, transformers and electric motors of every kind and description.
68. 1. To establish and maintain research and biological laboratories, farms and stables.
2. To establish well equipped laboratory and carry on analytical, experimental and other work or undertaking in relation to the works and the general objects of the company, or otherwise.

Sub clause no 29 and 36 of the existing Clause III B containing the Matters which are necessary for furtherance of the objects specified in clause III (A) hereby stands deleted and further sub-clauses has been renumbered accordingly via special resolution passed at EGM held on 15.02.2025

IV. The liability of the member(s) is limited and this liability is limited to the amount unpaid, if any, on the shares held by them.

*V. "The Authorized Share Capital of the Company is Rs 75,00,00,000/- (Rupees Seventy five Crores only) divided into 15,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 5/- (Rupees Five only) each, with powers to increase or reduce the same in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013".

**** The Authorized Share capital of the company has been increased from Rs.25,00,00,000 to Rs.75,00,00,000 vide ordinary resolution passed through postal ballot on 11.01.2025.***

We, the several whose names and addresses are hereunto subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Capital of this Company set opposite out respective names.

SI. No.	Names Addresses, Descriptions, and Occupations of Subscribers	No. of Equity Shares taken by Subscrib	Signature of Subscribers.	Witness, Name Address, Descriptions and Occupations
1.	D.C. Kothari, Industrialist, 3, Kothari Road, Madras. 34. Son of Mr. C. M. Kothari.	15		
2.	H.C. Kothari, Industrialist, Kothari Bagh, 4-A, Nungambakkam High Rd, Madras-34, Son of Mr. C. M. Kothari.	20		
3.	V. Pattabhiraman Advocate, 'Ramasraya', I-A, Rutland Gate 4th Street, Madras-6. S/o K. Venkatarama Iyer.	10		
4.	M.R.M. Punja, General Manager , Kothari Road, Madras-34. Son of Mr. M.R. Punja.	10		D.B. Saxena, 54-A, Harrington Rd., Madras-31 Son of Bansilal Officer, Kothari & Sons
5.	A.K. Bhansali, Business & Executive, 39, Subba Rao Avenue, Madras-6. Son of Dr. K.T. Bhansali	5		
6.	C . Srinivasan, Industrialist, 95, Broadway, Madras-I Son of C. Authikesavalu Chettiar.	10		
7 .	P.D. K:othari, Industrialist, 3, Kothari Road. Madras- 34, Son of Mr. D.C. Kothari.	5		
	Total	75		

Dated this 29th day of June 1970.

UNDER THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

(COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES)

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF KOTHARI INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION LIMITED

INTERPRETATION

The following regulations contained in these Articles of Association were adopted pursuant to the Special Resolution passed by Members through 52nd AGM held on 27.09.2022 in substitution for, and to the entire exclusion of, the earlier regulations comprised in the extant of Articles of Association of the Company.

The Regulations contained in Table “F” in Schedule I of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Table F”) as are applicable to a public company limited by shares, shall apply to the Company so far as they are not inconsistent with any of the provisions contained in these Articles or modifications thereof and only to the extent that there is no specific provisions in these Articles. In case of any conflict between the provisions of these Articles and Table F, the provisions of these Articles shall prevail.

In these present regulations, the following words and expressions shall have the following meanings, unless excluded by the subject or context:

“**The Company**” or “**This Company**” means **Kothari Industrial Corporation Limited**.

“**The Act**” means the Companies Act, 2013 and/or the Companies Act, 1956, as applicable. or any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force and the term shall be deemed to refer to the applicable sections thereof which is relatable to the relevant Article in which the said term appears in these Articles and previous company law so far as may be applicable.

“**Annual General Meeting**” means the annual general meeting of the Members of the Company duly convened, constituted, held and any adjourned holding thereof in accordance with the Act.

“**Articles of Association**” or “**Articles**” means these Articles of Association of the Company as originally framed or as altered from time to time by Members’ Resolution in accordance with the Act or any statutory modification thereof.

“**Board**” or “**Board of Directors**” means the Directors of the Company collectively referred to in the Act.

“**Capital**” means the share capital for the time being raised or authorized to be raised for the purposes of the Company.

“**Companies Act, 1956**” means the Companies Act, 1956.

“**Companies Act, 2013**” means the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules.

“**Chief Executive Officer**” means an officer of the Company who has been designated as such by the Company.

“Chief Financial Officer” means a person appointed as the Chief Financial Officer of the Company.

“Debenture” includes debenture-stock, bonds and any other instrument of the Company evidencing a debt, whether constituting a charge on the assets of the Company or not.

“Debenture holders” means the duly registered holders from time to time of the debentures of the Company and shall include in case of debentures held by a Depository, the beneficial owners whose names are recorded as such with the Depository.

“Directors” means the Directors for the time being of the Company.

“Dividend” includes interim dividend unless otherwise stated.

“Executor” or “Administrator” means a person who has obtained probate or Letter of Administration, as the case may be, from a Court of competent jurisdiction and shall include a holder of a Succession Certificate authorizing the holder thereof to negotiate or transfer the Share or Shares of the deceased Member and shall also include the holder of a Certificate granted by the Administrator General under section 31 of the Administrator General Act, 1963.

“Exchange” means the Stock Exchange or Exchanges where the securities of the Company are listed for the time being.

“Extra-Ordinary General Meeting” means an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Members of the Company duly convened, constituted, held and any adjourned holding thereof in accordance with the Act.

“Employees Stock Option” means the option given to the directors, officers or employees of the Company or of its holding company or subsidiary company or companies, if any, which gives such directors, officers or employees the benefit or right to purchase or to subscribe for, the shares of the Company at a future date at a pre-determined price.

“Financial Year” shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 2 (41) of the Companies Act, 2013.

“Financial Statement” in relation to the Company includes:-

- (i) a balance sheet as at the end of the financial year;
- (ii) a profit and loss account for the financial year;
- (iii) cash flow statement for the financial year;
- (iv) a statement of changes in equity, if applicable; and
- (v) any explanatory statement annexed to, or forming part of, any document referred to in sub-clause (i) to sub-clause (iv) mentioned above.

“Independent Director” means a person as defined in Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and/or Listing Agreement entered into with the Stock Exchange including any statutory modifications or re-enactments thereto.

“Key Managerial Personnel” means the persons as defined in Section 2(51) of the Companies Act, 2013.

“Managing Director” shall have the meaning assigned thereto in the Act.

“Member” or “Shareholder” means a person (i) whose name is entered in the Register of Members as holding any Share(s) either solely or jointly; (ii) who is a Subscriber to the Memorandum of the Company; and (iii) Beneficial Owner(s).

“Memorandum” means the Memorandum of Association of the Company.

“Month” means the English Calendar month.

“Office” means the Registered Office for the time being of the Company.

“Officer” shall have the meaning assigned thereto by the Act.

“Ordinary Resolution” shall have the meaning assigned thereto by the Act.

“Paid up” includes credited as paid up.

“Person” shall include any association, corporation, company as well as individuals.

“Proxy” includes attorney duly constituted under a power of attorney.

“Register” means the Register of Members required to be kept under Section 88 of the Act.

“Registrar” means the Registrar of Companies, West Bengal, situated at Kolkata.

“Rules” means the rules framed by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (“MCA”) under the Companies Act, 2013, as amended from time to time.

“Seal” means Common seal for the time being of the Company.

“Secretary” means a company secretary within the meaning of clause (c) of sub-Section (1) of Section 2 of the Company Secretaries Act, 1980 and includes a person or persons appointed by the Board to perform any of the duties of a Secretary subject to the provisions of the Act.

“Share” means a share in the share capital of the Company and includes stock.

“Share Warrant” means share warrant issued pursuant to the Act.

“Section” means a section of the Act.

“Special Resolution” shall have the meaning assigned thereto by Section 114 of the Companies Act 2013.

“Transfer” means (in either the noun or the verb form and including all conjugations thereof with their correlative meanings) with respect to the Shares, the sale, assignment, transfer or other disposition (whether for or without consideration, whether directly or indirectly) of any Shares or of any interest therein or the creation of any third party interest in or over the Shares, but excluding any renunciation of any right to subscribe for any shares offered pursuant to a rights issue to existing

shareholders in proportion to their existing shareholding in the Company.

“**Tribunal**” means the National Company Law Tribunal constituted under section 408 of the Companies Act, 2013.

“**Writing**” and “**Written**” means and includes words, hand written, printed, typewritten, lithographed, represented or reproduced in any mode in a visible form.

Words importing the singular number include the plural and vice versa.

“**these Presents**” or “**Regulations**” means these Articles of Association as originally framed or altered from time to time and include the Memorandum where the context so requires.

CAPITAL

1. Authorised Share Capital

The authorized share capital of the Company shall be such amount as is given in Clause V of the Memorandum of Association.

2. Shares at the Disposal of the Directors

Subject to the provisions of Section 62 of the Companies Act, 2013 and these Articles, the shares in the capital of the Company for the time being shall be under the control of the Directors who may offer, issue, allot or otherwise dispose of the same or any of them to such persons, in such proportion and on such terms and conditions and either at a premium or at par and at such time as they may from time to time think fit and with the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting to give to any person or persons the option or right to call for any shares either at par or premium during such time and for such consideration as the Directors think fit, and may issue and allot shares in the capital of the Company on payment in full or part of any property sold and transferred or for any services rendered to the Company in the conduct of its business and any shares which may so be allotted may be issued as fully paid up shares, and if so issued, shall be deemed to be fully paid up shares. Provided that option or right to call of shares shall not be given to any person or persons without the sanction of the Company in the General Meeting.

3. Consideration for Allotment

Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, the Board of Directors may allot and issue shares of the Company as payment or part payment for any property purchased by the Company or in respect of goods sold or transferred or machinery or appliances supplied or for services rendered to the Company in or about the formation of the Company or the acquisition and/or in the conduct of its business; and any shares which may be so allotted may be issued as fully/partly paid up shares and if so issued shall be deemed as fully/partly paid up shares.

4. Restriction on Allotment

- a) The Directors shall in making the allotments duly observe the provisions of Section 39 of the Act;

- b) The amount payable on application on each share shall not be less than 5% of the nominal value of the share or such other percentage or amount as may be specified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India by making regulations in this behalf; and
- c) Nothing herein contained shall prevent the Directors from issuing fully paid up shares either on payment of the entire nominal value thereof in cash or in satisfaction of any outstanding debt or obligation of the Company.

5. *Increase of Capital*

The Company at its General Meeting may, from time to time, by an Ordinary Resolution increase the capital by the creation of new shares, such increase to be of such aggregate amount and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts as the resolution shall prescribe. The new shares shall be issued on such terms and conditions and with such rights and privileges annexed thereto as the resolution shall prescribe, and in particular, such shares may be issued with a preferential or qualified right to dividends, and in the distribution of assets of the Company and with a right of voting at General Meeting of the Company in conformity with Section 47 of the Companies Act, 2013. Whenever the capital of the Company has been increased under the provisions of the Articles, the Directors shall comply with the provisions of Section 64 of the Companies Act, 2013.

6. *Alteration of Share Capital*

Subject to the provisions of Section 61 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company may, if so authorised by its articles, alter its memorandum in its general meeting to:

- (a) increase its authorised share capital to such amount as it thinks expedient;
- (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of a larger amount than its existing shares;

Provided that no consolidation and division which results in changes in the voting percentage of shareholders shall take effect unless it is approved by the Tribunal on an application made in the prescribed manner.
- (c) convert all or any of its fully paid-up shares into stock, and reconvert that stock into fully paid-up shares of any denomination;
- (d) sub-divide its shares or any of them into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the memorandum, so however, that in the sub-division the proportionate between the amount paid and the amount, if any, unpaid on each reduced share shall be the same as it was in the case of the share from which the reduced share is derived; and
- (e) cancel shares which, at the date of passing of the resolution in that behalf, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.

7. The company may, by special resolution, reduce in any manner and with, and subject to, any incident authorised and consent required by law, —

- (a) its share capital;
- (b) any capital redemption reserve account; or
- (c) any share premium account.
- (d) any other reserve in the nature of share capital.

8. *New capital part of the existing capital*

Except so far as otherwise provided by the conditions of the issue or by these presents any capital raised by the creation of new shares, shall be considered as part of the existing capital and shall be subject to the provisions herein contained, with reference to the payment of calls and installments, forfeiture, lien, surrender, transfer and transmission, voting and otherwise.

9. *Variation of Shareholders Rights*

If at any time the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the rights attached to the shares of any class (unless otherwise provided by the terms of issue of the shares of that class) may, subject to provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 be varied with the consent in writing of the holders of not less than three-fourth of the issued shares of that class or by means of a Special Resolution passed at a separate meeting of the holders of the issued shares of that class, in the manner prescribed under Section 48 of the Companies Act, 2013.

10. *Power to issue preference shares*

Subject to the provisions of Section 55 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014, the Company shall have the powers to issue preference shares which are liable to be redeemed and the resolution authorizing such issue shall prescribe the manner, terms and conditions of such redemption.

11. *Further Issue of Shares*

- (1) Where at any time, the Company proposes to increase its subscribed capital by the issue of further shares, such shares shall be offered.
 - (a) to the persons who, at the date of the offer, are holders of the equity shares of the Company, in proportion, as nearly as circumstances admit, to the paid-up share capital on those shares by sending a letter of offer subject to the following conditions, namely:
 - (i) the offer aforesaid shall be made by a notice specifying the number of shares offered and limiting a time not being less than fifteen days and not exceeding thirty days from the date of offer within which the offer, if not accepted, shall be deemed to have been declined;
 - (ii) the offer aforesaid shall be deemed to include a right exercisable by the person concerned to renounce the shares offered to him or any of them in favour of any other person; and the notice referred to in sub clause (i) hereof shall contain a statement of this right;
 - (iii) after the expiry of the time specified in the aforesaid notice or on receipt of earlier intimation from the person to whom such notice is given that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Board may dispose of them in such manner which is not disadvantageous to the shareholders and the Company.
 - (b) To employees under a scheme of employees' stock option, subject to a Special Resolution passed by the Company and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed under applicable law; or

- (c) To any persons, if it is authorised by a Special Resolution, whether or not those persons include the persons referred to in clause (a) or clause (b) above, either for cash or for a consideration other than cash, if the price of such Shares is determined by the valuation report of a registered valuer subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.
- (2) The notice referred to in clause (i) of sub-Article (a) of Article 11(1) shall be dispatched through registered post or speed post or through electronic mode to all the existing shareholders at least three days before the opening of the issue.
- (3) Nothing in this Article shall apply to the increase of the subscribed capital of the Company caused by the exercise of an option as a term attached to the debentures issued or loans raised by the Company to convert such debentures or loans into shares of the Company:

Provided that the terms of issue of such debentures or loan containing such an option have been approved before the issue of such debentures or the raising of loan by a special resolution by the Company in general meeting.

- a. Either has been approved by the Central Government before the issue of the debentures or the raising of the loans or is in conformity with Rules, if any, made by that Government in this behalf; and
- b. In the case of debentures or loans other than debentures issued to or loans obtained from the Government or any institution specified by the Central Government in this behalf, has also been approved by a special resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting before the issue of the debentures or raising of the loans.
- (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (3) where any debentures have been issued, or loan has been obtained from any Government by a company and if that Government considers it necessary in the public interest so to do, it may by order, direct that such debentures or loans or any part thereof shall be converted into shares in the Company on such terms and conditions as appear to the Government to be reasonable in the circumstances of the case if terms of the issue of such debentures or the raising of such loans do not include a term for providing for an option for such conversion;
Provided that where the terms and conditions such conversion are not acceptable to the company, the company may, within sixty days from the date of communication of such order appeal to the Tribunal which shall after hearing the company and the Government pass such order as it deems fit.

12. Allotment on application to be acceptance of shares

Any application signed by or on behalf of an applicant for shares in the Company followed by an allotment of any shares therein, shall be an acceptance of shares within the meaning of these Articles, and every person who thus or otherwise accepts any shares and whose name is on the register, shall, for the purpose of these articles, be a Member.

13. Return on allotments to be made or Restrictions on Allotment

The Board shall observe the restrictions as regards allotment of shares to the public contained in Section 39 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as regards return on allotments, the Directors shall comply with Section 39 of the Companies Act, 2013.

14. Money due on shares to be a debt to the Company

The money (if any) which the Board shall, on the allotment of any shares being made by them, require or direct to be paid by way of deposit, call or otherwise in respect of any shares allotted by them, shall immediately on the inscription of the name of allottee in the Register of Members

as the name of the holder of such shares become a debt due to and recoverable by the Company from the allottee thereof, and shall be paid by him accordingly.

15. Members or heirs to pay unpaid amounts

Every Member or his heir's executors or administrators shall pay to the Company the portion of the capital represented by his share or shares which may, for the time being remain unpaid thereon, in such amounts, at such time or times and in such manner, as the Board shall from time to time, in accordance with the Articles require or fix for the payment thereof.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

16. (a) Every Member entitled to certificate for his shares

- (i) Every Member or allottee of shares shall be entitled, without payment, to receive one or more certificates specifying the name of the person in whose favour it is issued, the shares to which it relates, and the amount paid thereon. Such certificates shall be issued only in pursuance of a resolution passed by the Board and on surrender to the Company of fractional coupon of requisite value, save in case of issue of share certificates against letters of acceptance of or renunciation or in cases of issues of bonus shares. Such share certificates shall also be issued in the event of consolidation or sub-divisions of the shares of the Company.
- (ii) Every such certificate shall be issued under the seal, if any, of the Company which shall be affixed in the presence of and signed by (1) two Directors duly authorised by the Board of Directors of the Company or the committee of the Board, if so authorised by the Board; and (2) the secretary or any person authorised by the Board for the purpose;

Provided that in case a company does not have a common seal, the share certificate shall be signed by two directors or by a director and the Company Secretary, wherever the company has appointed a Company Secretary.
- (iii) Particulars of every share certificate issued in accordance with clause (ii) above shall be entered in the Register of Members maintained in accordance with the provisions of Section 88 of the Companies Act, 2013 alongwith the name(s) of person(s) to whom it has been issued, indicating the date of issue.

(b) Joint ownership of shares

Any two or more joint allottees of shares shall be treated as a single member for the purposes of this article and any share certificate, which may be the subject of joint ownership, may be delivered to any one of such joint owners on behalf of all of them.

(c) Issue of renewed or duplicate share certificate

The certificate of any share or shares shall not be issued either in exchange for those which are sub-divided or consolidated or in replacement of those which are defaced, mutilated, torn or old, decrepit, worn out, or where the pages on the reverse for recording transfers have been duly utilised, unless the certificate in lieu of which it is issued is surrendered to the company.

Every Certificate under this Article shall be issued with such fees as the Board thinks fit, on splitting or consolidation of share certificate(s) or in replacement of share certificate(s) that are defaced, mutilated, torn or old, decrepit or worn out not exceeding such amount as may be prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013 or the rules made thereunder (in the event of any discrepancy, it shall be the higher of such amounts as may be prescribed by the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (not exceeding Rs. 50/- for each certificate) as the Directors shall prescribe. Provided that no fee shall be payable for issue of share certificates pursuant to the scheme of arrangement sanctioned by the High Court or Central Government.

Where a certificate is issued in any of the circumstances mentioned above, it shall be stated on the face of it and be recorded in the Register maintained for the purpose, that it is "Issued in lieu of share certificate No sub-divided/replaced/on consolidation".

The Company may replace all the existing certificates by new certificates upon sub-division or consolidation of shares or merger or demerger or any reconstitution without requiring old certificates to be surrendered subject to compliance with Rule 5 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014.

No duplicate share certificate shall be issued by the Company in lieu of those that are lost or destroyed, without the prior consent of the Board and without payment of such fees as the Board thinks fit, not exceeding rupees fifty per certificate and on such reasonable terms such as furnishing supporting evidence and indemnity and the payment of out-of-pocket expenses incurred by the company in investigating the evidence produced.

Where a certificate is issued in any of the circumstances mentioned above, it shall be stated on the face of it and be recorded in the Register maintained for the purpose, that it is “duplicate issued in lieu of share certificate No.----” and the word “duplicate” shall be stamped or printed prominently on the face of the share certificate.

The provision of this Article shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to debentures of the Company.

- (d) The particulars of every share certificate issued in accordance with this clause shall be entered forthwith in the Register of Renewed and Duplicate Share Certificates maintained in the prescribed form mentioning the requisite details.

All blank forms to be used for issue of share certificates shall be printed and the printing shall be done only on the authority of a resolution of the Board and the blank form shall be consecutively machine-numbered.

17. *Maintenance of share certificates forms, and related books and documents*

The Company Secretary shall be responsible for maintenance, preservation and safe custody of all books and documents relating to the issue share certificates in accordance with Rule 7 of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014.

18. *Rights of Joint Holders*

If any share stands in the names of two or more persons, the person first named in the Register shall, as regards receipt of dividends or bonus or service of notices and all or any other matter connected with the Company, and the transfer of the shares be deemed the sole holder thereof but the joint holders of share shall be severally as well as jointly liable for payment of all installments and calls due in respect of such share and for all incidents thereof according to these Company’s regulations, articles and terms of issue. Further in case of joint holders, only the person first named in the register of members shall be allowed to vote at the meeting.

19. *Limitation of Time for Issue of Certificates*

Every member shall be entitled, without payment, to one or more certificates in marketable lots, for all the shares of each class or denomination registered in his name, or if the Directors so approve (upon paying such fee as the Directors may from time to time determine) to several certificates, each for one or more of such shares and the Company shall complete and have ready for delivery such certificates within two months from the date of allotment, unless the

conditions of issue thereof otherwise provide, or within one month of the receipt of application of registration of transfer, transmission, sub-division, consolidation or renewal of any of its shares as the case may be or within such other period as per the conditions of the issue, provided such member shall be issued (a) one certificate for all his shares without payment of any charges. Every certificate of shares shall be issued under the seal of the Company and shall specify the number and distinctive numbers of shares in respect of which it is issued and amount paid-up thereon and shall be in such form as the Directors may prescribe or approve provided that in respect of a share or shares held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate and delivery of a certificate to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all such holders. The provisions of this Article shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to the debentures of the Company.

UNDERWRITING & BROKERAGE

20. *Commission for placing shares, debentures, etc.,*

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may at any time pay a commission to any person for subscribing or agreeing to subscribe (whether absolutely or conditionally) for any shares, debentures, or debenture-stock of the Company or underwriting or procuring or agreeing to procure subscriptions (whether absolute or conditional) for shares, debentures or debenture-stock of the Company provided that the rate per cent or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required under the Act and rules made thereunder.
- b) The rate of commission paid or agreed to be paid shall not exceed, in case of shares, such rate as prescribed under the Act or a rate authorized by the Articles, whichever is less, and in case of debentures, it shall not exceed such rate as prescribed under the Act, or as specified in the Articles, whichever is less.
- c) The commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in the one way and partly in the other.
- d) The Company may also, in any issue, pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

LIEN

21. *Company's lien on shares /debentures*

The Company shall have a first and paramount lien upon all the shares /debentures (other than fully paid up shares/debentures) registered in the name of each member (whether solely or jointly with others) and upon the proceeds of sale thereof for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at fixed time in respect of such shares/debentures, and no equitable interest in any shares shall be created except upon the footing and condition that this Article will have full effect and such lien shall extend to all dividends and bonuses from time to time declared in respect of such shares/debentures. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of shares/debentures shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien if any, on such shares/debentures. The Directors may at any time declare any shares/debentures wholly or in part to be exempt from provisions of this clause. The fully paid up shares shall be free from all lien and that in the case of partly paid shares the Company's lien shall be restricted to moneys called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such shares.

22. *Enforcing lien by sale*

For the purpose of enforcing such lien, the Board may sell the shares subject thereto in such manner as they think fit, and for that purpose may cause to be issued a duplicate certificate in respect of such shares and may authorize one of their members to execute a transfer thereof on behalf of and in the name of such member. Provided that no sale shall be made: (a) unless a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable; or (b) until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable, has been given to the registered holder for the time being of the share or the person entitled thereto by reason of his death or insolvency. To give effect to any such sale, the Board may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser thereof. The purchaser shall be registered as the holder of the shares comprised in any such transfer. The purchaser shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money, nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings in reference to the sale.

23. *Application of sale proceeds*

The net proceeds of any such sale shall be received by the Company and applied in or towards payment of such part of the amount in respect of which the lien exists as is presently payable and the residue, if any, shall (subject to a like lien for sums not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

CALLS ON SHARES

24. *Board to have right to make calls on shares*

- (i) The Board may, from time to time, subject to the terms on which any shares may have been issued and subject to the conditions of allotment, by a resolution passed at a meeting of the Board (and not by circular resolution), make such call as it thinks fit upon the members in respect of all moneys unpaid on the shares held by them respectively and each member shall pay the amount of every call so made on him to the person or persons and the member(s) and place(s) appointed by the Board. A call may be made payable by installments.

Provided that no call shall exceed one – fourth of the nominal value of the share or be payable at less than one month from the date fixed for payment of the last preceding call.

Provided that the Board shall not give the option or right to call on shares to any person except with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting.

- (ii) A call may be revoked or postponed at the discretion of the Board.

25. *Notice for call*

Fourteen days' notice in writing of any call shall be given by the Company specifying the date, time and places of payment and the person or persons to whom such call be paid.

26. *Call when made*

The Board of Directors may, when making a call by resolution, determine the date on which such call shall be deemed to have been made, not being earlier than the date of resolution making such call, and thereupon the call shall be deemed to have been made on the date so determined and if no such date is so determined a call shall be deemed to have been made at the date when the resolution authorizing such call was passed at the meeting of the Board.

27. *Liability of joint holders for a call*

The joint-holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.

28. *Board to extend time to pay call*

The Board may, from time to time, at its discretion extend the time fixed for the payment of any call and may extend such time to all or any of the members. The Board may be fairly entitled to grant such extension, but no member shall be entitled to such extension, save as a matter of grace and favour. The Board shall be at liberty to waive payment of any such interest wholly or in part.

29. *Calls to carry Interest*

If a member fails to pay any call due from him on the day appointed for payment thereof, or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, he shall be liable to pay interest on the same from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of actual payment at 5% per annum or such lower rate as shall from time to time be fixed by the Board but nothing in this Article shall render it obligatory for the Board to demand or recover any interest from any such member.

30. *Dues deemed to be calls*

Any sum, which as per the terms of issue of a share becomes payable on allotment or at a fixed date whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same may become payable and in case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

31. *Proof of dues in respect of share*

On any trial or hearing of any action or suit brought by the Company against any member or his representatives for the recovery of any money claimed to be due to the Company in respect of his shares it shall be sufficient to prove (i) that the name of the members in respect of whose shares the money is sought to be recovered appears entered in the Register of Members as the holder, at or subsequent to the date on which the money sought to be recovered is alleged to have become due on the shares, (ii) that the resolution making the call is duly recorded in the minute book, and that notice of such call was duly given to the member or his representatives pursuant of these Articles, and (iii) it shall not be necessary to prove the appointment of the Directors who made such call, nor any other matters whatsoever, but the proof of the matters aforesaid shall be conclusive of the debt.

32. *Partial payment not to preclude forfeiture*

Neither a judgment nor a decree in favour of the Company, for call or other moneys due in respect of any share nor any part payment or satisfaction there under, nor the receipt by the Company of a portion of any money which shall, from time to time be due from any member to the Company in respect of his shares either by way of principal or interest, nor any indulgence granted by the Company in respect of the payment of any such money shall preclude the Company from thereafter proceeding to enforce forfeiture of such shares as hereinafter provided.

33. *Payment in anticipation of call may carry interest*

- (a) The Directors may, if they think fit, subject to the provisions of Section 50 of the Companies Act, 2013 agree to and receive from any member willing to advance the same, whole or any part of the moneys due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for and upon the amount so paid or satisfied in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate not exceeding, unless the member paying such sum in advance and the Directors direct, twelve per cent per annum, provided that money paid in advance of calls shall not confer a right to participate in profits or dividend. The Directors may at any time repay the amount so advanced.
- (b) The member shall not be entitled to any voting rights in respect of the moneys so paid by him until the same would but for such payment become presently payable.
- (c) The provisions of these Articles shall mutatis mutandis apply to the calls on debentures of the Company.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

34. *Board to have right to forfeit shares*

If any member fails to pay any call or installment of a call or before the day appointed for the payment of the same or any such extension thereof as aforesaid, the Board may at any time thereafter during such time as the call or installment remains unpaid, give notice to him requiring him to pay the same together with any interest that may have accrued and all expenses that may have been incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment. The provisions of these Articles as to forfeiture shall apply in the case of non-payment of any sum which, by the terms of issue of a share, becomes payable at a fixed time, whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium, as if the same had been payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

35. *Notice for forfeiture of shares*

- (a) The notice shall name a further day (not earlier than the expiration of fourteen days from the date of notice) and place or places on which such call or installment and such interest thereon (at such rate as the Directors shall determine from the day on which such call or installment ought to have been paid) and expenses as aforesaid, are to be paid.

- (b) The notice shall also state that in the event of the non-payment at or before the time the call was made or installment is payable the shares will be liable to be forfeited.

36. *Effect of forfeiture*

If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid were not complied with, every or any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Board to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared or any other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before the forfeiture. There shall be no forfeiture of unclaimed dividends before the claim becomes barred by law.

37. *Notice of forfeiture*

When any share shall have been so forfeited, notice of the forfeiture shall be given to the member on whose name it stood immediately prior to the forfeiture and any entry of the forfeiture with the date thereof, shall forthwith be made in the Register of Members, but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by any omission or neglect to give such notice or to make any such entry as aforesaid.

38. *Forfeited share to be the property of the Company*

Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allocated or otherwise disposed of either to the original holder thereof or to any other person upon such terms and in such manner as the Board shall think fit.

39. *Member to be liable even after forfeiture*

Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of the forfeited shares, but shall notwithstanding the forfeiture, be liable to pay and shall forthwith pay to the Company on demand all calls, installments, interest and expenses owing upon or in respect of such shares at the time of the forfeiture together with the interest thereon from time to time of the forfeiture until payment at such rates as the Board may determine and the Board may enforce the payment thereof, if it thinks fit.

40. *Claims against the Company to extinguish on forfeiture*

The forfeiture of a share involves extinction, at the time of the forfeiture of all interest in and all claims and demands against the Company, in respect of the shares and all other rights incidental to the share, except only such of those rights as by these Articles expressly saved.

41. *Evidence of forfeiture*

A duly verified declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director, the manager or Secretary of the Company, and that a share in the Company has been duly forfeited in accordance with these Articles on a date stated in the declaration, shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the shares.

42. *Effecting sale of shares*

Upon any sale after forfeiture or for enforcing a lien in purported exercise of the powers hereinafter given, the Board may appoint some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold, cause the purchaser's name to be entered in the register in respect of the share sold, and the purchaser shall not be bound to see to the regularity of the proceedings or to the application of the purchase money, and after his name has been entered in the Register in respect of such shares, the validity of the sale shall not be impeached by any person.

43. *Certificate of forfeited shares to be void*

Upon any sale, re-allotment or other disposal under the provisions of the preceding Articles, the certificate or certificates originally issued in respect of the relevant shares shall (unless the same shall on demand by the Company have been previously surrendered to it by the defaulting member) stand cancelled and become null and void and have no effect and the Directors shall be entitled to issue a new certificate or certificates in respect of the said shares to the person or persons entitled thereto.

44. *Board entitled to cancel forfeiture*

The Board may at any time before any share so forfeited shall have them sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of, cancel the forfeiture thereof upon such conditions as it thinks fit.

TRANSFER AND TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

45. *Register of Transfers*

The Company shall keep a "Register of Transfers" and therein shall be fairly and distinctly entered particulars of every transfer or transmission of any shares.

46. *Endorsement of Transfer*

In respect of any transfer of shares registered in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, the Board may, at their discretion, direct an endorsement of the transfer and the name of the transferee and other particulars on the existing share certificate and authorize any Director or officer of the Company to authenticate such endorsement on behalf of the Company or direct the issue of a fresh share certificate, in lieu of and in cancellation of the existing certificate in the name of the transferee.

47. *Instrument of Transfer*

- (1) The instrument of transfer of any share shall be in writing and all the provisions of Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013, and of any statutory modification thereof for the time being shall be duly complied with in respect of all transfer of shares and registration thereof. The Company shall use a common form of transfer in all cases.
- (2) The instrument of transfer of any Share in the Company shall be executed by or on behalf of both the transferor and transferee. The transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of the Share until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of Members in respect thereof.

48. *Execution of transfer instrument*

Every such instrument of transfer shall be executed both by the transferor and the transferee and the transferor shall be deemed to remain holder of the shares until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect thereof. The instrument of transfer shall be in respect same class of shares and should be in the form prescribed under the Act.

49. *Closing Register of transfers and Members*

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Board shall be empowered, on giving not less than seven days notice by advertisement in a newspaper circulating in the district in which the registered office of the Company is situated, to suspend transfer of shares at such time or times, and for such period or periods, not exceeding thirty days at a time and not exceeding in the aggregate forty-five days in each year as it may seem expedient.

50. *Directors may refuse to register transfer*

- (1) Subject to the provisions of Section 58 and Section 59 of the Companies Act, 2013, these Articles and other applicable provisions of the Act or any other law for the time being in force, the Board may refuse whether in pursuance of any power of the Company under these Articles or otherwise to register the transfer of, or the transmission by operation of law of the right to, any shares or interest of a Member in shares or debentures of the Company. The Company shall within one month from the date on which the instrument of transfer, or the intimation of such transfer, as the case may be, was delivered with the Company, send notice of refusal to the transferee and transferor or to the person giving notice of such transmission, as the case may be, giving reasons for such refusal. Provided that registration of a transfer shall not be refused on the ground of the transferor being either alone or jointly with any other person or persons indebted to the Company on any account whatsoever except where the Company has a lien on shares.
- (2) The Board may, subject to the right of appeal conferred by Section 58 of the Companies Act, 2013, decline to register-
 - (a) the transfer of a Share, not being a fully paid Share, to a person of whom they do not approve; or
 - (b) any transfer of Shares on which the Company has a lien.
- (3) The Board may decline to recognise any instrument of transfer unless-
 - (a) the instrument of transfer is in the form as prescribed in rules made under sub-section (1) of Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013;
 - (b) the instrument of transfer is accompanied by the certificate of the Shares to which it relates, and such other evidence as the Board may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer; and
 - (c) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of Shares.

51. *Transfer of partly paid shares*

Where in the case of partly paid shares, an application for registration is to be made by the transferor, the Company shall give notice of the application to the transferee in accordance with the provisions of Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013.

52. *Survivor of joint holders recognized*

In case of the death of any one or more persons named in the Register of Members as the joint-holders of any shares, the survivors shall be the only person recognized by the Company as having any title to or interest in such share but nothing therein contained shall be taken to release the estate of a deceased joint-holder from any liability on shares held by him jointly with any other person.

53. *Title to shares of deceased members*

The executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives of a deceased member (not being one or two joint holders) shall be the only person recognized by the Company as having any title to the shares registered in the name of such member, and the Company shall be bound to recognize such executors or administrators or holders of a Succession Certificate or the legal representatives shall have first obtained Probate holders or Letter of Administration or Succession Certificate as the case may be, from a duly constituted Court in the Union of India. Provided that in any case where the Board in its absolute discretion, thinks fit, the Board may dispense with the production of Probate or Letter of Administration or Succession Certificate, upon such terms as to indemnity or otherwise as the Board in its absolute discretion may think necessary and register the name of any person who claims to be absolutely entitled to the shares standing in the name of a deceased member as a member. Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time properly be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided, elect, either: (a) to be registered himself as holder of the share; or (b) to make such transfer of the share as the deceased or insolvent member could have made. The Board shall, in either case, have the same right to decline or suspend registration as it would have had, if the deceased or insolvent member had transferred the share before his death or insolvency.

54. *Transfers not permitted*

No share shall in any circumstances be transferred to any infant, insolvent or person of unsound mind, except fully paid shares through a legal guardian.

55. *Transmission of shares*

Subject to the provisions of these presents, any person becoming entitled to shares in consequence of the death, lunacy, bankruptcy or insolvency of any members, or by any lawful means other than by a transfer in accordance with these Articles may, with the consent of the Board (which it shall not be under any obligation to give), upon producing such evidence as the Board thinks sufficient, that he sustains the character in respect of which he proposes to act under this Article, or of his title, either be registering himself as the holder of the shares and make such transfer of share as the deceased, lunatic, bankrupt or insolvent member could have made; or elect to have some person nominated by him and approved by the Board, registered as

such holder, provided, nevertheless, if such person shall elect to have his nominee registered, he shall testify that election by executing in favour of his nominee an instrument of transfer in accordance with the provision herein contained and until he does so he shall not be freed from any liability in respect of the shares.

56. *Rights on Transmission*

A person entitled to a share by transmission shall, subject to the Directors' right to retain such dividends or money as hereinafter provided, be entitled to receive and may give discharge for any dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as a member in respect of the share, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the company.

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share, and if the notice is not complied with within ninety days, the Board may thereafter withhold payment of all dividends, bonuses or other monies payable in respect of the share, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

57. *Instrument of transfer to be stamped*

- (i) Every instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company duly stamped for registration, accompanied by such evidence as the Board may require to prove the title of the transferor his right to transfer the shares and every registered instrument of transfer shall remain in the custody of the Company until destroyed by order of the Board.
- (ii) If the person so becoming entitled shall elect to be registered as holder of the share himself, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects.
- (iii) All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of Shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or insolvency of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer signed by that member.

58. *Share Certificates to be surrendered*

Before the registration of a transfer, the certificate or certificates of the share or shares to be transferred must be delivered to the Company along with (save as provided in Section 56 of the Companies Act, 2013) properly stamped and executed instrument of transfer.

59. *No fee on Transfer or Transmission*

No fee shall be charged for registration of transfers, transmission, probate, succession certificate and Letters of administration, certificate of death or marriage, power of attorney or similar other document.

60. *Company not liable to notice of equitable rights*

The Company shall incur no liability or responsibility whatsoever in consequence of its registering or giving effect to any transfer of shares made or purporting to be made by any apparent legal owner thereof (as shown or appearing in the register of members) to the prejudice of persons having or claiming any equitable rights, title or interest in the said shares, notwithstanding that the Company may have had notice of such equitable rights referred thereto in any books of the Company and the Company shall not be bound by or required to regard or attend to or give effect to any notice which may be given to it of any equitable rights, title or interest or be under any liability whatsoever for refusing or neglecting to do so, though it may have been entered or referred to in some book of the Company but the Company shall nevertheless be at liberty to regard and attend to any such notice and give effect thereto if the Board shall so think fit.

DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES

61. *Dematerialisation of Securities*

(i) Definitions: For the purpose of this Article:

“*Beneficial Owner*” means a person whose name is recorded as such with a depository.

“*Bye-Laws*” means Bye-laws made by a Depository under Section 26 of the Depositories Act, 1996.

“*Depositories Act*” means the Depository Act, 1996, including any statutory modifications or re-enactment for the time being in force.

“*Depository*” means a Company formed and registered under the Act and which has been granted a Certificate of Registration under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act 1992.

“*Member*” means the duly registered holder from time to time of the shares of the Company and includes every person whose name is entered as beneficial owner in the records of the depository.

“*Participant*” means a person registered as such under Section 12 (1A) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992.

“*Record*” includes the records maintained in the form of books or stored in a computer or in such other form as may be determined by the Regulations issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India in relation to the Depository Act, 1996.

“*Registered Owner*” means a depository whose name is entered as such in the records of the Company.

“*SEBI*” means the Securities and Exchange Board of India

“*Security*” means such security as may be specified by the Securities and Exchange Board of India from time to time.

Words imparting the singular number only includes the plural number and vice versa.

Words imparting persons include corporations.

Words and expressions used and not defined in the Act but defined in the Depositories Act, 1996 shall have the same meaning respectively assigned to them in that Act.

- (ii) *Company to Recognize Interest in Dematerialized Securities under the Depositories Act, 1996:*

Either the Company or the investor may exercise an option to issue, deal in, hold the securities (including shares) with a depository in Electronic form and the certificates in respect thereof shall be dematerialized, in which event the rights and obligations of the parties concerned and matters connected therewith or incidental thereto shall be governed by the provisions of the Depositories Act, 1996 as amended from time to time or any statutory modification(s) thereto or re-enactment thereof.

- (iii) *Dematerialisation/Re-Materialisation of Securities:*

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary or inconsistent contained in these Articles, the Company shall be entitled to dematerialize its existing securities, re-materialize its securities held in Depositories and/or offer its fresh securities in the de-materialized form pursuant to the Depositories Act, 1996 and the rules framed there under, if any.

- (iv) *Option to Receive Security Certificate or Hold Securities with Depository:*

Every person subscribing to or holding securities of the Company shall have the option to receive the security certificate or hold securities with a Depository. Where a person opts to hold a security with the Depository, the Company shall intimate such Depository of the details of allotment of the security and on receipt of such information, the Depository shall enter in its record, the name of the allottees as the beneficial owner of that security.

- (v) *Securities in Electronic Form:*

All securities held by a Depository shall be dematerialized and held in electronic form. Nothing contained in Section 89 and 186 of the Act, shall apply to a Depository in respect of the securities held by it on behalf of the beneficial owners.

- (vi) *Beneficial Owner Deemed as Absolute Owner:*

Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and the company shall not be bound by, or be compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these regulations or by law otherwise provided) any other rights in respect of any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

(vii) *Rights of Depositories and Beneficial Owners:*

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Act, or these Articles, a Depository shall be deemed to be the registered owner for the purpose of effecting transfer of ownership of security on behalf of the beneficial owner.

Save as otherwise provided above, the Depository is the registered owner of the securities, and shall not have any voting rights or any other rights in respect of the securities held by it.

Every person holding securities of the Company and whose name is entered as a beneficial owner in the records of the Depository shall be deemed to be a member of the Company. The beneficial owner of securities shall be entitled to all the rights and benefits and be subject to all the liabilities in respect of his securities which are held by a Depository

(viii) *Register and Index of Beneficial Owners:*

The Company shall cause to be kept a Register and Index of members with details of shares and debentures held in dematerialized forms in any media as may be permitted by law including any form of electronic media.

The Register and Index of beneficial owners maintained by a Depository under the Depositories Act, 1996 shall be deemed to be a Register and Index of members for the purposes of this Act. The Company shall have the power to keep in any state or country outside India a Branch register of Members resident in that State or Country.

(ix) *Cancellation of Certificates upon surrender by Person:*

Upon receipt of certificate of securities on surrender by a person who has entered into an agreement with the Depository through a participant, the Company shall cancel such certificates and shall substitute in its record, the name of the depository as the Registered Owner in respect of the said securities and shall also inform the Depository accordingly.

(x) *Service of Documents:*

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Act, or these Articles, to the contrary, where securities are held in a depository, the record of the beneficial ownership may be served by such depository on the Company by means of hard copies or through electronic mode or by delivery of floppies or discs.

(xi) *Allotment of Securities:*

Where the securities are dealt within a Depository, the Company shall intimate the details of allotment of relevant securities to the Depository on allotment of such securities.

(xii) *Transfer of Securities:*

The Company shall keep a Register of Transfers and shall have recorded therein fairly and distinctly, particulars of every transfer or transmission of any share held in material form. Nothing contained in these Articles shall apply to transfer of securities held in depository.

(xiii) *Distinctive Number of Securities held in a Depository:*

The shares in the capital shall be numbered progressively according to their several denominations, provided, however that the provisions relating to progressive numbering shall not apply to the share of the Company which are in dematerialized form. Except in the manner provided under these Articles, no share shall be sub-divided. Every forfeited or surrendered share held in material form shall continue to bear the number by which the same was originally distinguished.

(xiv) *Provisions of Articles to apply to Shares held in Depository:*

Except as specifically provided in these Articles, the provisions relating to joint holders of shares, calls, lien on shares, forfeiture of shares and transfer and transmission of shares shall be applicable to shares held in Depository so far as they apply to shares held in physical form subject to the provisions of the Depository Act, 1996.

(xv) *Depository to furnish information:*

Every Depository shall furnish to the Company information about the transfer of securities in the name of the beneficial owner at such intervals and in such manner as may be specified by laws and the Company in that behalf.

(xvi) *Option to opt out in respect of any such Security:*

If a beneficial owner seeks to opt out of a Depository in respect of any security, he shall inform the Depository accordingly. The Depository shall on receipt of such information make appropriate entries in its records and shall inform the Company. The Company shall within 30 (thirty) days of the receipt of intimation from a Depository and on fulfillment of such conditions and on payment of such fees as may be specified by the regulations, issue the certificate of securities to the beneficial owner or the transferee as the case may be.

(xvii) *Overriding effect of this Article:*

Provisions of this Article will have full effect and force notwithstanding anything to the contrary or inconsistent contained in any other Articles of these presents.

62. *Nomination Facility*

- (i) Every holder of shares, or holder of debentures of the Company may at any time, nominate, in the prescribed manner a person to whom his shares in or debentures of the Company shall rest in the event of his death.

- (ii) Where the shares in or debentures of the Company are held by more than one person jointly, the joint holders may together nominate in the prescribed manner, a person to whom all the rights in the shares or debentures of the Company shall rest in the event of death of all the joint holders.
- (iii) Notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force or in any disposition, whether testamentary or otherwise in respect of such shares in or debentures of the Company where a nomination made in the prescribed manner purports to confer on any person the right to vest the shares in or debentures of the Company, the nominee shall, on the death of the shareholder or debentures holder of the Company or as the case may be on the death of the joint holders become entitled to all the rights in the shares or debentures of the Company or as the case may be all the joint holders in relation to such shares in or debenture of the Company to the exclusion of all the other persons, unless the nomination is varied or cancelled in the prescribed manner.
- (iv) Where the nominee is a minor it shall be lawful for the holder of shares or debentures, to make the nomination and to appoint in the prescribed manner any person to become entitled to shares in or debentures of the Company in the event of his death in the event of minority of the nominee.

Any person who becomes a nominee by virtue of the provisions of Section 109 A upon the production of such evidence as may be required by the Board and subject as hereinafter provided elect either

- a) To be registered himself as holder of the shares or debentures as the case may be, or
- b) To make such transfer of the share or debenture as the case may be, as the deceased shareholder or debenture holder, as the case may be could have made.

If the person being a nominee, so becoming entitled, elects to be registered himself as a holder of the share or debenture as the case may be, he shall deliver or send to the Company a notice in writing signed by him stating that he so elects and such notice shall be accompanied with a Death Certificate of the deceased share holder or debenture holder as the case may be.

All the limitations, restrictions and provisions of this Act, relating to the right to transfer and registration of transfer of shares or debentures shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer where a transfer is signed by that shareholder or debenture holder, as the case may be.

A person being a nominee, becoming entitled to a share or debenture by reason of the death of the holder shall be entitled to same dividends and other advantages to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share or debenture, except that he shall not, before being registered a member in respect of his share of debenture, be entitled in respect of it to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to the meetings of the Company.

Provided that the Board may, at any time, give notice requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer the share or debenture and if the notice is not complied with within 90 days, the Board may thereafter withhold payments of all dividends, bonus, or other monies payable in respect of the share or debenture, until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

A Depository may in terms of Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 at any time, make a nomination and above provisions shall as far as may be, apply to such nomination.

BUY BACK OF SHARES

63. *The Company shall be entitled to purchase its own shares or other securities, subject to such limits, upon such terms and conditions and subject to such approvals as required under Section 68 to 70 of the Companies Act, 2013 and other applicable provisions of the Act, The Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 and the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy Back of Securities) Regulations 1998 and any amendments, modification(s), re-promulgation (s) or re-enactment(s) thereof.*

64. *Copies of Memorandum and Articles to be sent to members*

Copies of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company and other documents referred to in Section 17 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be sent by the Company to every member at his request within seven days of the request on payment of such sum as may be prescribed.

SHARE WARRANTS

65. *Rights to issue share warrants*

- (a) The Company may issue share warrants subject to, and in accordance with provisions of the Act.
- (b) The Board may, in its discretion, with respect to any share which is fully paid up on application in writing signed by the person registered as holder of the share, and authenticated by such evidence (if any) as the Board may from time to time require as to the identity of the person signing the application, and the amount of the stamp duty on the warrant and such fee as the Board may from time to time require having been paid, issue a warrant.

66. *Rights of warrant holders*

- (a) The bearer of the share warrant may at any time deposit the warrant at the office of the Company, and so long as the warrant remains so deposited, the depositor shall have the same right to signing a requisition, for calling a meeting of the Company, and of attending, and voting and exercising other privileges of a member at any meeting held after the expiry of two clear days from time of the deposit, as if his name were inserted in the Register of Members as the holder of the shares included in the deposited warrant.

- (b) Not more than one person shall be recognized as the depositor of the share warrant.
 - (c) The Company shall, on two days written notice, return the deposited share warrant to the depositor.
67. (a) Subject as herein otherwise expressly provided, no person shall, as bearer of a share warrant, sign a requisition for calling a meeting of the Company, or attend, or vote or exercise any other privileges of a member at a meeting of the Company, or be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
- (b) The bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled in all other respects to the same privileges and advantages as if he were named in the Register of Members as the holder of the shares included in the warrant, and he shall be member of the Company.
68. *Board to make rules*

The Board may, from time to time, make rules as to the terms on which it shall think fit, a new share warrant or coupon may be issued by way of renewal in case of defacement, loss or destruction.

CONVERSION OF SHARES INTO STOCK AND RECONVERSION

69. *Rights to convert shares into stock & vice-versa*

The Company in General Meeting may, by an Ordinary Resolution, convert any fully paid-up shares into stock and when any shares shall have been converted into stock the several holders of such stock, may henceforth transfer their respective interest therein, or any part of such interest in the same manner and subject to the same Regulations as, and subject to which shares from which the stock arise might have been transferred, if no such conversion had taken place. The Company may, by an Ordinary Resolution reconvert any stock into fully paid up shares of any denomination. Provided that the Board may, from time to time, fix the minimum amount of stock transferable, so however such minimum shall not exceed the nominal amount of shares from which the stock arose.

70. *Rights of stock holders*

- (i) The holders of stock shall according to the amount of stock held by them have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, voting at meetings of the Company and other matters as if they held the shares from which the stock arose; but no such privileges or advantages (except participation in the dividends and profits of the Company and in the assets on winding-up) shall be conferred by an amount of stock which would not, if existing in shares, have conferred those privileges or advantages.
- (ii) Such of the regulations of the company as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words “share” and “shareholder” in those regulations shall include “stock” and “stock-holder” respectively.

GENERAL MEETINGS

71. *Annual General Meetings*

The Company shall, in addition to any other meetings hold a General Meeting which shall be called as its Annual General Meeting, at the intervals and in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

72. *Extraordinary General Meetings*

- (i) The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting at such date, time and at such place as it deems fit, subject to such directions if any, given by the Board.
- (ii) If at any time directors capable of acting who are sufficient in number to form a quorum are not within India, any director or any two members of the Company may call an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which such a meeting may be called by the Board.

73. *Extraordinary Meetings on requisition*

The Board shall on, the requisition of members convene an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company in the circumstances and in the manner provided under Section 100 of the Companies Act, 2013.

74. *Notice for General Meetings*

Save as permitted under Section 101 of the Companies Act, 2013 all General Meetings shall be convened by giving not less than twenty-one days' notice either in writing or through electronic mode. Notice of every meeting shall be given to the Members and such other person or persons as required under and in accordance with Section 101 of the Companies Act, 2013 and it shall be served in the manner authorised by Sections 20 and 101 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules.

75. *Shorter Notice admissible*

With the consent of all the members entitled to vote, at an Annual General Meeting or with the consent of the members holding 95 percent of such part of the paid-up share capital of the Company as gives a right to vote thereat, any general meeting may be convened by giving a shorter notice than twenty one days.

76. *Special and Ordinary Business*

- (a) All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary General Meeting and also that is transacted at an Annual General Meeting with the exception of sanctioning of dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheet and the reports of the Directors and Auditors, the election of Directors in place of those retiring by rotation and the appointment of and the fixing up of the remuneration of the auditors.

- (b) In case of special business as aforesaid, an explanatory statement as required under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be annexed to the notice of the meeting.

PROCEEDINGS OF GENERAL MEETINGS

77. *Quorum for General Meeting*

The quorum shall be as prescribed under Section 103 of the Act or any such law for the time being in force prescribes, and no business shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless the requisite quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting.

78. *Time for quorum and adjournment*

If within half an hour from the time appointed for a meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if called upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved and in any other case, it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place and if at the adjourned meeting also a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be quorum.

79. *Participation through video conferencing*

Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in the Articles of Association, the Company may provide video conference facility and/or other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication to enable the Shareholders of the Company to participate in General Meetings or other Meetings of the Company. Such participation by the Shareholders at General Meetings or other Meetings of the Company through video conference facility and/or use of other permissible electronic or virtual facilities for communication shall be governed by such legal or regulatory provisions as applicable to the Company for the time being in force.

80. *Chairman of General Meeting*

The Chairman, if any, of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting of the Company.

81. *Election of Chairman*

If there is no such Chairman or if at any meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting or is unwilling to act as Chairman, the members present shall choose another Director as Chairman and if no Director be present or if all the Directors decline to take the chair then the members present shall choose someone of their number to be the Chairman.

ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING

82. *The Chairman may, with the consent given in the meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn that meeting from time to time and from place to place but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When the meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as nearly as may be in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid it shall not be necessary to give any notice of adjournment of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.*

83. *Voting at Meeting*

- (a) At any General Meeting, a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall, unless a poll is demanded under Section 109 of the Companies Act, 2013 or the voting is carried out electronically, be decided on a show of hands.
- (b) A member may exercise his right to vote at any general meeting by electronic means in accordance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, amended from time to time and the Company may pass any resolution by an electronic voting system in accordance with the provisions of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.

84. *Decision by poll*

If a poll is duly demanded, it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs and the results of the poll shall be deemed to be the decision of the meeting on the resolution in respect of which the poll was demanded.

85. *Casting vote of Chairman*

In case of equal votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the Chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a second or a casting vote in addition to the vote or votes to which he may be entitled to as a member.

86. *Poll to be immediate*

- (a) A poll demanded on the election of Chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time not later than forty eight hours from the time of demand as the Chairman of the meeting directs.
- (b) A demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a Meeting of the transaction of any business other than that on which a poll has been demanded. The demand for a poll may be withdrawn at any time by the person or persons who made the demand.

87. *Passing resolutions by Postal Ballot*

- (a) Notwithstanding any of the provisions of these Articles, the Company may, and in the case of resolutions relating to such business as notified under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules made thereunder to be passed by postal ballot, shall get any resolution passed by means of a postal ballot, instead of transacting the business in the general meeting of the Company.
- (b) Where the Company decides to pass any resolution by resorting to postal ballot, it shall follow the procedures as prescribed under section 110 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, as amended from time.

VOTE OF MEMBERS

88. *Voting rights of Members*

- a) On a show of hands every member holding equity shares and present in person shall have one vote.
- b) On a poll, every member holding equity shares therein shall have voting rights in proportion to his shares of the paid up equity share capital.
- c) On a poll, a member having more than one vote, or his proxy or other persons entitled to vote for him need not use all his votes in the same way.
- d) By electronic means in accordance with the provisions of the Act and shall vote only once.

89. *Voting by joint-holders*

In the case of joint-holders the vote of the first named of such joint holders who tender a vote whether in person or by proxy shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of other joint holders.

90. *No right to vote unless calls are paid*

No member shall be entitled to vote at any General Meeting unless all calls or other sums presently payable by him have been paid, or in regard to which the Company has lien and has exercised any right of lien.

PROXY

91. *Any member entitled to attend and vote at a general meeting may do so either personally or through his constituted attorney or through another person as a proxy on his behalf, for that meeting.*

92. *Instrument of proxy*

The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of appointer or of his attorney duly authorized in writing or if appointed by a Corporation either under its common seal or under the hand of its attorney duly authorized in writing. Any person whether or not he is a member of the Company may be appointed as a proxy.

The instrument appointing a proxy and Power of Attorney or other authority (if any) under which it is signed must be deposited at the registered office of the Company not less than forty eight hours prior to the time fixed for holding the meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposed to vote, or, in case of a poll, not less than twenty four hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

93. *An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the form as prescribed in the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014.*

94. *Validity of proxy*

A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid, notwithstanding the previous death of or insanity of the principal or the revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed or the shares in respect of revocation or transfer of shares in respect of which the proxy was given. Provided that no intimation in writing of such death, insanity, revocation or transfer shall have been received by the Company at its office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

95. *Corporate Members*

Any corporation which is a member of the Company may, by resolution of its Board of Directors or other governing body, authorize such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company and the said person so authorized shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of the corporation which he represents as that corporation could have exercised if it were an individual member of the Company.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

96. *Number of Directors*

Unless otherwise determined by General Meeting, the number of Directors shall not be less than three and not more than fifteen, including all kinds of Directors.

Subscribers to the Memorandum of Association and these Articles were the first Directors of the Company.

Not less than 2/3rd of the total number of directors of the Company may be appointed according to the principle of proportional representation whether by a single transferable vote or by a system of cumulative voting or otherwise in accordance with Section 163 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The following persons were the first Directors of the Company

1. Mr. D.C Kothari
2. Mr.H.C Kothari
3. Mr. Jagmohandas M. Mehta
4. Mr. Jayantilal R. Mehta
5. Mr.V.Pattabiraman
6. Mr. R.G. Saraiya
7. Mr.G.K. Devarajalu
8. Mr.T. Maneklal
9. Mr. Arvind N. Lalbhai
10. Mr. H.H.Maharaja Natwarsinh of Porbadarn

*

97. *Same individual may be Executive Chairperson and Managing Director*

The same individual may, at the same time, be appointed as the Executive Chairperson of the Company as well as the Managing Director of the Company.

****Article 97 added via special resolution passed through the EGM held on 15.02.2025***

98. *Share qualification not necessary*

Any person whether a member of the Company or not may be appointed as Director and no qualification by way of holding shares shall be required of any Director.

99. *Director's power to fill-up casual vacancy*

Any casual vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, and the person so appointed shall hold office up to the date, up to which Director in whose place he is appointed would have office if it has not been vacated as aforesaid.

100. *Additional Directors*

The Board of Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint one or more persons as Additional Directors provided that the number of Directors and Additional Directors together shall not exceed the maximum number fixed. An additional Director so appointed shall hold office up to the date of the next Annual general Meeting of the Company and shall be eligible for re-election by the Company at that Meeting.

101. *Alternate Directors*

The Board of Directors may appoint an Alternate Director to act for a Director (hereinafter called the original Director) during the absence of the original Director for a period of not less than 3 months from the state in which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. An Alternate Director so appointed shall vacate office if and when the original Director return to the state in which the meetings of the Board are ordinarily held. If the terms of the office of the original Director are determined before he so returns to the state aforesaid any provision for the automatic reappointment of retiring Director in default of another appointment shall apply to the original and not to the Alternate Director.

102. *Remuneration of Directors*

The remuneration of the directors shall, in so far as it consists of a monthly payment, be deemed to accrue from day-to-day. Every Director other than the Managing Director and the Whole-time Director shall be paid a sitting fee not exceeding such sum as may be prescribed by the Act or the Central Government from time to time for each meeting of the Board of Directors or any Committee thereof attended by him and shall be paid in addition thereto all traveling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by him in attending and returning from the meetings of the Board of Directors or any committee thereof or General Meeting of the Company or in connection with business of the Company to and from any place. The remuneration of Directors including Managing Director and/or Whole-time Director may be paid in accordance with Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.

103. *Remuneration for extra services*

If any Director, being willing, shall be called upon to perform extra services or to make any special exertions in going or residing away from the town in which the Registered Office of the Company may be situated for any purposes of the Company or in giving any special attention to the business of the Company or as member of the Board, then subject to the provisions of the Act the Board may remunerate the Director so doing either by a fixed sum, or by a percentage of profits or otherwise and such remuneration, may be either in addition to or in substitution for any other remuneration to which he may be entitled.

104. *Continuing Director may act*

The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in the Board but if the number is reduced below three, the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of Directors to three or for summoning a general meeting of the Company but for no other purpose.

105. Vacation of office of Director

The Office of a Director shall be deemed to have been vacated under the circumstances enumerated under Sections 164 and 167 of the Companies Act, 2013.

106. Equal power to Director

Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, all the Directors of the Company shall have in all matters equal rights and privileges and be subject to equal obligations and duties in respect of the affairs of the Company.

ROTATION AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTOR

107. One-third of Directors to retire every year

At the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in every year, one third of such of the Directors as are liable to retire by rotation for time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three then the number nearest to one third shall retire from office., and they will be eligible for re-election. Provided that the Managing Director appointed or the Director/s appointed as a Debenture Director/s and Special Director under Articles hereto or the Independent Directors appointed pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 shall not be liable to retire by rotation under this Article nor shall they be included in calculating the total number of Directors of whom one third shall retire from office under this Article. However, in order to fulfill the requirements of the Act or of this clause, the Managing Director may also be made liable to retire by rotation.

108. Retiring Directors eligible for re-election

A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election and the Company, at the Annual General Meeting at which a Director retires in the manner aforesaid may fill up the vacated office by electing a person thereto.

109. Which Director to retire

The Directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election, but as between persons who became Directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lots.

110. Retiring Director to remain in office till successors appointed

Subject to the provisions of the Act, if at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the place of the vacating Director(s) is not filled up and the meeting has not expressly resolved not to fill up the vacancy and not to appoint the retiring director, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week at the same time and place or if that day is a public holiday till the next succeeding day which is not a public holiday at the same time and place, and if at the adjourned meeting the place of the retiring Director(s) is not filled up and the meeting has also not expressly resolved not to fill up the vacancy, then the retiring Director(s) or such of them as have not had their places filled up shall be deemed to have been reappointed at the adjourned Meeting

111. Increase or reduction in the number of Directors

Subject to the provisions of Sections 149, 151 and 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company in General Meeting may, by Ordinary Resolution increase or reduce the number of its Directors within the overall limit stipulated under section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

112. Power to remove Director by ordinary resolution

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by an ordinary resolution in General Meeting remove any Director, not being a Director appointed by the Tribunal under Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2013, before the expiration of his period of office and may, by an ordinary resolution, appoint another person instead; the person so appointed shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last elected as Director.

113. Right of persons other than retiring Directors to stand for Directorship

A person not being a retiring Director in terms of section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 shall be eligible for appointment to the office of a Director at any General Meeting if he or some other member intending to propose him as a Director, has, not less than 14 days before the meeting, left at the registered office of the Company, a notice in writing under his hand signifying his candidature as a director or as the case may be, the intention of such member to propose him as a candidate for that along with the deposit of one lakh rupees or such higher amount as may be prescribed which shall be refunded to such person or as the case may be, to the member if the person proposed get elected as a director or gets more than twenty-five per cent of total valid votes cast either on a show of hands or on poll on such resolution.

Subject to the provisions of Section 2(49), 184, 188, 190 and 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules made thereunder, neither shall a Director shall be disqualified from contracting with the Company whether as vendor, purchaser or otherwise for goods, materials or services or for underwriting the subscription of any Shares in or debentures of the Company nor shall any such contract or arrangement entered into by or on behalf of the Company with the relative of such Director or a firm in which such Director or relative is a partner or with any other partner in such firms or with a private company of which such Director is a Member or Director, be void nor shall any director so contracting or being such Member or so interested be liable to account to the Company for any profit realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director office or of the fiduciary.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE BOARD

114. Meetings of the Board

- a) The Board of Directors shall conduct at least minimum four meetings every year in such manner that not more than one hundred and twenty day shall intervene between two consecutive meetings of the Board.
- b) A meeting of the Board shall be called by giving not less than seven days' notice in writing to every director at his address registered with the Company and such notice shall be by handy delivery or by post or by electronic modes.

Provided that a meeting of the Board may be called at shorter notice to transact urgent business subject to the condition that at least one independent director, if any, shall be present at the meeting.

Provided further that in case of absence of independent directors from such a meeting of the Board, decisions taken at such a meeting shall be circulated to all the directors and shall be final only on ratification thereof by at least one independent director, if any.

115. Participation in the meeting

Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in the Articles of Association, the Director(s) may participate in meetings of the Board and committees thereof, either in person or through video conference or other audio visual means as may be prescribed, which are capable of recording and recognizing the participation of the directors and of recording, storing the proceedings of such meeting alongwith date and time. Such participation by the Director(s) at Meetings of the Board and committees thereof, through video conferencing or other audio visual means shall be governed by such legal or regulatory provisions as applicable to the Company for the time being in force.

116. Quorum

The quorum for a meeting of the Board shall be one-third of its total strength (any fraction contained in that one-third being rounded off as one) or two Directors whichever is higher, provided that where at any time the number of interested Directors is equal to or exceeds two-thirds of total strength, the number of remaining Directors, that is to say the number of Directors who are not interested, present at the meeting being not less than two, shall be the quorum during such time, The total strength of the Board shall mean the number of Directors actually holding office as Directors on the date of the resolution or meeting, that is to say, the total strength of Board after deducting the number of Directors, if any, whose places are vacant at the time;

Provided further that a Director participating in a meeting of the Board and committees thereof, through use of video conferencing or other audio visual means shall be counted for the purpose of quorum, notwithstanding anything contrary contained in the Articles of Association.

117. Questions how decided

- a) Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act, a meeting of the Board for the time being at which a quorum is present shall be competent to exercise all or any of the authorities, powers and discretions by or under the Regulations of the Company for the time being vested in or exercisable by the Directors generally and all questions arising at any meeting of the Board shall be decided by a majority of the Board.
- b) In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have second or casting vote in addition to his vote as Director.

118. Election of Chairman of Board

- a) The Board may elect a chairman of its meeting and determine the period for which he is to hold office.
- b) If no such Chairman is elected or at any meeting the Chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting the Directors present may choose one among themselves to be the Chairman of the Meeting.

POWERS OF THE BOARD

119. Powers of Directors

The Board may exercise all such powers of the Company and do all such acts and things as are not, by the Act, or any other Act or by the Memorandum or by the Articles of the Company required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to these Articles, to the provisions of the Act, or any other Act and to such regulations being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Board which would have been valid if that regulations had not been made. Provided that the Board shall not, except with the consent of the Company in General Meeting: by Special Resolution -

- a) Sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the undertaking of the Company, or where the Company owns more than one undertaking, of the whole, or substantially the whole, of any such undertaking;
- b) Invest otherwise than in trust securities the amount of compensation received by the Company as a result of any merger or acquisition;
- c) Remit, or give time for repayment of, any debt due from a director;
- d) Borrow moneys where the moneys to be borrowed together with the moneys already borrowed by the Company will exceed the aggregate of its paid-up share-capital and free reserves, apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business. Provided further that the powers specified in Section 179 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 8 of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time shall subject to these Articles, be exercised only at meetings of the Board, unless the same be delegated to the extent therein stated; or
- e) Contribute to bonafide charitable and other funds not directly relating to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees, any amounts the aggregate of which will, in any financial year, exceed five percent of its average net profits for the three immediately preceding financial years.

120. Powers to be exercised by Board only by Meeting

- a) The Board of Directors shall subject to the provisions section 179 of the Act exercise the powers on behalf of the Company by means of resolutions passed at the meetings of the Board.

In addition to the powers mentioned in the section 179 of the Act, the powers as per Rule 8 of Companies (Meetings of Board and Its Powers) Rules, 2014 shall also be exercised by the Board of Directors by means of resolutions passed at the meetings of the Board.

121. Delegation of Powers

- a) The Board may, subject to the provisions of the Act, delegate any of its powers to committees consisting of such members of its body as it thinks fit.
- b) Any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the power so delegated conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Board.

122. Election of Chairman of Committee

The Chairman of a committee may be determined by the Board. The quorum of a committee may be fixed by the Board of Directors or as prescribed under the Act and/or Listing Agreement with the stock exchange/s.

123. Questions how determined

- a) A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.
- b) Questions arising at any meeting of a committee shall be determined by the sole member of the committee or by a majority of votes as the members present as the case may be and in case of an equality of vote the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote, in addition to his vote as a member of the committee.

124. Validity of acts done by Board or a Committee

All acts done by any meeting of the Board, of a committee thereof, or by any person acting as a Director shall notwithstanding that it may be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any one or more of such Directors or of any person acting as aforesaid or that they or any of them were disqualified be as valid as if even such Director or such person has been duly appointed and was qualified to be a Director.

125. Resolution by Circulation

Save in those cases where a resolution is required by Section 161(4), 179, 182, 184, 186, 188 and 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, to be passed at a meeting of the Board, a resolution shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board or Committee of the Board, as the case may be duly called and constituted if a draft thereof in writing is circulated, together with the necessary papers, if any, to all the Directors or to all the members of the Committee of the Board as the case may be, then in India, not being less in number than the quorum fixed of the meeting of the Board or the Committee, as the case may be and to all other Directors or member of the Committee at their usual address whether in India and has been approved by such of the Directors as are then in India or by a majority of such of them as are entitled to vote at the resolution. Provided that where not less than one third of the Directors of the Company for the time being require that resolution under circulation be decided by the Board at a meeting, the Chairman shall put the resolution to be decided at a meeting of the Board.

BORROWING POWERS

126. Borrowing powers

The Board of Directors may from time to time but with such consent of the Company in General Meeting as may be required under the Act raise any moneys or sums of money for the purpose of the Company provided that the moneys to be borrowed by the Company together with money already borrowed by the company shall not, without the sanction of the Company at a General Meeting, exceed the aggregate of the paid up capital of the Company and its free reserves apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business, that is to say, reserves not set apart for any specific purpose and in particular, but subject to the provisions of Section 179 and 180 of the Act, the Board may from time to time at their discretion raise or borrow or secure the payment of any such sum of money for the purpose of the Company, by the issue of debentures, perpetual or otherwise, including debenture convertible into shares of this or any other Company or perpetual annuities and to secure any such money so borrowed, raised or received, mortgage, pledge or charge the whole or any part of the property, assets or revenue of the Company present or future, including its uncalled capital by special assignment or otherwise or to transfer or convey the same absolutely or in trust and to give the lenders powers of sale and other powers as may be expedient and to purchase, redeem or pay off any such securities.

Provided that every resolution passed by the Company in General Meeting in relation to the exercise of the power to borrow as stated shall specify the total amount up to which moneys may be borrowed by the Board Directors.

- a) The Directors may by resolution at a meeting of the Board delegate the above power to borrow money otherwise than on debentures to a committee of Directors or the Managing Director, or the Manager or any other principal officer of the company or in the case of a branch office of the branch office, this power if any, on such conditions as it may specify.
- b) Subject to provisions of the above sub-clause, the Directors may, from time to time, at their discretion, raise or borrow or secure the repayment of any sum or sums of money for the purposes of the Company, at such time and in such manner and upon such terms and conditions in all respects as they think, fit and in particular, by promissory notes or by receiving deposits and advances with or without security or by the issue of bonds, perpetual or redeemable debentures (both present and future) including its uncalled capital for the time being or by mortgaging or charging or pledging any lands, buildings, goods or other property and securities of the Company, or by such other means as they may seem expedient.
- c) To the extent permitted under the applicable law and subject to compliance with the requirements thereof, the Directors shall be empowered to grant loans to such entities at such terms as they may deem to be appropriate and the same shall be in the interests of the Company.

127. Assignment of debentures

Such debentures, debenture-stock, bonds or other securities may be assignable free from any equities between the Company and the person to whom the same may be issued.

128. Term of Issue of Debentures

Any debentures, debenture stock, or other securities may be issued at a discount, premium or otherwise and may be issued on condition that they shall be convertible into shares of any denomination and with any privileges and conditions as to redemption, surrender, drawings, allotment of shares, attending (but not voting) at the General Meeting, appointment of Directors and otherwise, Debentures with a right of conversion into or allotment of shares shall be issued only with the consent of the Company in a General Meeting by a Special Resolution.

129. Debenture Directors

Any Trust Deed for securing debentures or debenture stock may if so arranged provide for the appointment from time to time by the trustee thereof or by the holders of debentures or debenture stock of some person to be a Director of the Company and may empower such trustee or holders of debentures or debenture stock from time to time to remove any Directors so appointed. A Director appointed under this Article is herein referred to as a "Debenture Director" and the Debenture Director means a director for the time being in office under this Article. A Debenture Director shall not be bound to hold any qualification shares, not be liable to retire by rotation or be removed by the Company. The Trust Deed may contain such ancillary provisions as may be arranged between the Company and the Trustees and all such provision shall have effect notwithstanding any of the other provisions herein contained.

130. Nominee Directors

- a) So long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to any All India Financial Institutions, State Financial Corporation or any financial institution owned or controlled by the Central Government or State Government or any Non-Banking Financial Company controlled by the Reserve Bank of India or any such Company from whom the Company has borrowed for the purpose of carrying on its objects or each of the above has granted any loans / or subscribes to the Debentures of the Company or so long as any of the aforementioned companies of financial institutions holds or continues to hold debentures /shares in the Company as a result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement or so long as any liability of the Company arising out of any guarantee furnished on behalf of the Company remains outstanding, and if the loan or other agreement with such corporation so provides, the corporation shall have a right to appoint from time to time any person or persons as a Director or Directors whole- time or non-whole- time (which Director or Director/s is/are hereinafter referred to as "Nominee Directors/s) on the Board of the Company and to remove from such office any person or person so appointed and to appoint any person or persons in his/Their place(s).
- b) The Board of Directors of the Company shall have no power to remove from office the Nominee Director/s. At the option of the Corporation such Nominee Director/s shall not be liable to retirement by rotation of Directors. Subject as aforesaid, the Nominee Director/s shall be entitled to the same rights and privileges and be subject to the same obligations as any other Director of the Company.

The Nominee Director/s so appointed shall hold the said office only so long as any moneys remain owing by the Company to the Corporation or so long as they holds or continues to hold Debentures/shares in the Company as result of underwriting or by direct subscription or private placement or the liability of the Company arising out of the Guarantee is outstanding and the Nominee Director/s so appointed in exercise of the said power shall vacate such office immediately on the moneys owing by the Company to the Corporation are paid off or they ceasing to hold Debentures/Shares in the Company or on the satisfaction of the liability of the

Company arising out of the guarantee furnished.

- c) The Nominee Director/s appointed under this Article shall be entitled to receive all notices of and attend all General Meetings, Board Meetings and of the Meetings of the Committee of which Nominee Director/s is//are member/s as also the minutes of such Meetings. The Corporation shall also be entitled to receive all such notices and minutes.
- d) The Company shall pay the Nominee Director/s' sitting fees and expenses to which the other Directors of the Company are entitled, but if any other fees commission, monies or remuneration in any form is payable to the Directors of the Company the fees, commission, monies and remuneration in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall accrue to the nominee appointer and same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the Corporation.
- e) Provided that the sitting fees, in relation to such Nominee Director/s shall also accrue to the appointer and same shall accordingly be paid by the Company directly to the appointer.

REGISTERS

131. Maintenance of Registers

The Company shall keep and maintain at its registered office all statutory registers namely, register of charges, register of members, register of debenture holders, register of any other security holders, the register and index of beneficial owners and annual return, register of loans, guarantees, security and acquisitions, register of investments not held in its own name and register of contracts and arrangements for such duration as the Board may, unless otherwise prescribed, decide, and in such manner and containing such particulars as prescribed by the Act and the Rules. The registers and copies of annual return shall be open for inspection during business hours on all working days, other than Saturdays, at the registered office of the Company by the persons entitled thereto on payment, where required, of such fees as may be fixed by the Board but not exceeding the limits prescribed by the Rules.

132. Maintenance of a foreign register

The Company may exercise the powers conferred on it by the Act with regard to the keeping of a foreign register; and the Board may (subject to the provisions of those Sections) make and vary such regulations as it may think fit respecting the keeping of any register.

133. Subsequent assigns of uncalled capital

Where any uncalled capital of the Company is charged, all persons taking any subsequent charge thereon shall take the same subject to such prior charges and shall not be entitled to obtain priority over such prior charge.

134. Charge in favour of Director for Indemnity

If the Director or any person, shall become personally liable for the payment of any sum primarily due from the Company, the Board may execute or cause to be executed any mortgage, charge or security over or affecting the whole or part of the assets of the Company by way of indemnity to secure the Directors or other persons so becoming liable as aforesaid from any loss in respect of such liability.

MANAGING DIRECTOR(S) and/ or WHOLE-TIME DIRECTOR(S)

135. a) The Board may from time to time and with such sanction of the Central Government as may be required by the Act, appoint one or more of the Directors to the office of the Managing Director and/ or whole-time Directors.
- b) In the event of any vacancy arising in the office of a Managing Director and/or Whole-time Director, the vacancy shall be filled by the Board of Directors subject to the approval of the members.
- c) If a Managing Director and/or whole time Director ceases to hold office as Director, he shall nevertheless continue to hold the office of director of the Company and to exercise all the rights and privileges as a director of the Company.
- d) The Managing Director shall not be liable to retirement by rotation as long as he holds office as Managing Director, except in order to fulfill the requirements of the Act or of Article 106.

136. Powers and duties of Managing Director or whole-time Director

The Managing Director/Whole-time Director shall subject to the supervision, control and direction of the Board and subject to the provisions of the Act, exercise such powers as are exercisable under these presents by the Board of Directors, as they may think fit and confer such power for such time and to be exercised as they may think expedient and they may confer such power either collaterally with or to the exclusion of any such substitution for all or any of the powers of the Board of Directors in that behalf and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any such powers. The Managing Directors/ whole time Directors may exercise all the powers entrusted to them by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Board's direction.

137. Remuneration of Managing Directors/whole time Directors

Subject to the provisions of the 196 and 197 Act read with Schedule V to the Act and subject to such sanction of Central Government\Financial Institutions as may be required for the purpose, the Managing Directors\whole-time Directors shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Company in General Meeting may from time to time determine.

138. Reimbursement of expenses

The Managing Directors/whole-time Directors shall be entitled to charge and be paid for all actual expenses, if any, which they may incur for or in connection with the business of the Company.

139. Business to be carried on by Managing Directors/ Whole time Directors

- a) The Managing Directors\whole-time shall have subject to the supervision, control and discretion of the Board, the management of the whole of the business of the Company and of all its affairs and shall exercise all powers and perform all duties in relation to the Management of the affairs and transactions of Company, except such powers and such duties as are required by law or by these presents to be exercised or done by the Company in General Meeting or by Board of Directors and also subject to such conditions or restriction imposed by the Act or by these presents.
- b) Without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing and subject to the supervision and control of the Board of Directors, the business of the Company shall be carried on by the Managing Director/ Whole time Director and he shall have all the powers except those which are by law or by these presents or by any resolution of the Board required to be done by the Company in General Meeting or by the Board.
- c) The Board may, from time to time delegate to the Managing Director or Whole time Director such powers and duties and subject to such limitations and conditions as they may deem fit. The Board may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of the powers conferred on the Managing Director or Whole time Director by the Board or by these presents.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, MANAGER, COMPANY SECRETARY, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

140. Subject to the provisions of the Act

- i. A chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer may be appointed by the Board for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as it may think fit; and any chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer so appointed may be removed by means of a resolution of the Board; the Board may appoint one or more chief executive officers for its multiple businesses.
- ii. A director may be appointed as chief executive officer, manager, company secretary or chief financial officer.

COMMON SEAL

141. Custody of Common Seal

The Board, at their option, can provide a Common Seal for the purposes of the Company and shall have the power from time to time to destroy the same and or not substitute a new seal in lieu thereof. The Board shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal and the Seal shall never be used except by authority of the Board or a Committee of the Board previously given.

The Company shall also be at liberty to have an Official Seal in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, for use in any territory, district or place outside India.

142. Seal how affixed

As authorised by the Act or amendment thereto, if the Company does not have a common seal, the authorisation under this clause shall be made by two directors or by a director and Company Secretary, wherever the Company has appointed a Company Secretary or persons acting on behalf of the Directors under a duly Registered Power of Attorney and the Secretary or some other person appointed by the Board for this purpose. A Director may sign a share certificate by affixing his signature thereon, with any machine, equipment or other mechanical means such as engraving in metal or lithography but not by means of rubber stamp.

The Seal of the Company shall not be affixed except by the authority of a resolution of the Board or of a committee of the Board authorised by it in this behalf, and except in the presence of at least one Director or the manager, if any, or of the secretary or such other person as the Board may appoint for the purpose; and such director or manager or secretary or other person aforesaid shall sign every instrument to which the seal of the Company is so affixed in their presence.

DIVIDENDS AND RESERVES

143. Right to dividend

- a) The profits of the Company, subject to any special rights, relating thereto created or authorized to be created by these presents and subject to the provisions of the presents as to the Reserve Fund, shall be divisible among the members in proportion to the amount of capital paid up on the shares held by them respectively and the last day of the year of account in respect of which such dividend is declared and in the case of interim dividends on the close of the last day of the period in respect of which such interim dividend is paid.
- b) Where capital is paid in advance of calls, such capital shall not, confer a right to participate in the profits.
- c) All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid or credited as paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

144. Declaration of Dividends

The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Board.

145. Interim Dividends

The Board may from time to time pay to the members such interim dividends as appear to them to be justified by the profits of the Company.

146. Dividends to be paid out of profits

No dividend shall be declared or paid by the company for any financial year except out of the profits of the company for that year arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II to the Act, or out of the profits of the company for any previous financial year or years arrived at after providing for depreciation in accordance with the provisions of Schedule II to the Act and remaining undistributed or out of both;

Provided that the company may before the declaration of any dividend in any financial year, transfer such percentage of profits for that financial year as it may consider appropriate to the reserves of the company:

Provided further that where, owing to inadequacy or absence of profits in any financial year, if the company proposes to declare dividend out of the accumulated profits earned by it in previous years and transferred by it to the reserves, such declaration of dividend shall be made in accordance with Companies (Declaration and Payment of Dividend) Rules, 2014.

147. Deduction of arrears

The Board may deduct from any dividend payable to any members all sums of money, if any, presently payable by him to the Company on account of the calls or otherwise in relation to the shares of the Company.

148. Adjustment of dividends against calls

Any General Meeting declaring a dividend may make a call on the members as such amount as the meeting fixed, but so that the call on each member shall not exceed the dividend payable to him and so that the call be made payable at the same time as the dividend and the dividend may, if so arranged between the Company and the members be set off against the call.

149. Receipt of joint holder

Any one of two or more joint holders of a share may give effectual receipt for any dividends, or other moneys payable in respect of such shares.

150. Notice of dividends

Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to the persons entitled to share thereto in the manner mentioned in the Act.

151. Dividends not to bear interest

No dividends shall bear interest against the Company.

152. Transfer of shares not to pass prior to dividends

Subject to the provisions of Section 126 of the Companies Act, 2013, any transfer of shares shall not pass the right to any dividend declared thereon before the registration of the transfer.

153. Unpaid or Unclaimed Dividend

- (a) Where the Company has declared a dividend but which has not been paid or claimed within 30 days from the date of declaration, the Company shall within seven days from the date of expiry of the said period of 30 days, transfer the total amount of dividend which remains unpaid or unclaimed to a special account to be opened by the Company in that behalf in any scheduled bank to be called “Unpaid Dividend Account of Kothari Industrial Corporation Limited”.
- (b) The company shall within a period of ninety days of making any transfer of an amount as mentioned above to the Unpaid Dividend Account, prepare a statement containing the names, their last known addresses and the unpaid dividend to be paid to each person and place it on the website of the company, if any, and also on any other website approved by the Central Government for this purpose, in such form, manner and other particulars as may be prescribed.
- (c) Any money transferred to the unpaid dividend account of the Company which remains unpaid or unclaimed for a period of seven years from the date of such transfer, shall be transferred by the Company along with interest accrued, if any, thereon to the fund known as Investor Education and Protection Fund established under section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Company shall send a statement in the prescribed form of details of such transfer to the authority which administers the Investors Education and Protection Fund and that authority shall issue a receipt to the Company as evidence of such transfer.
- (d) No unclaimed or unpaid dividend shall be forfeited by the Board before the claim becomes barred by law.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

154. Capitalisation of Profits

- a) The Company in General Meeting, may, on recommendation of the Board resolve:
 - (i) That it is desirable to capitalise any part of the amount for the time being standing to the credit of the Company’s reserve accounts or to the credit of the profit and loss account or otherwise available for distribution; and
 - (ii) That such sum be accordingly set free for distribution in the manner specified in the sub-clause (b) amongst the members who would have been entitled thereto (“Entitled Members”) if distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportion.
- b) The sum aforesaid shall not be paid in cash but shall be applied, either in or towards:
 - (i) paying up any amounts for the time being unpaid on shares including any preference shares held by Entitled Members respectively
 - (ii) Paying up in full, unissued shares including any preference shares of the Company to be allotted and distributed, credited as fully paid up, to and amongst Entitled Members in the proportions aforesaid;

Provided that allotment of such shares including any preference shares shall not be made to Entitled Members who furnish to the Company a written notice waiving their entitlement to receive such shares including any preference shares as mentioned in this Article and accordingly such amounts shall not be capitalised.

(iii) Partly in the way specified in sub-clause (i) and partly that specified in sub clause (ii).

- c) The Board shall give effect to the resolution passed by the Company in pursuance of this regulation.
- d) A share premium account and a capital redemption reserve account may, only be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be issued to members of the Company as fully paid bonus shares.

155. Power of Directors for declaration of bonus issue

- a) Whenever such a resolution as aforesaid shall have been passed, the Board shall:
 - (i) make all appropriations and applications of the undivided profits resolved to be capitalized thereby and all allotments and issues of fully paid shares, if any, and
 - (ii) generally do all acts and things required to give effect thereto.
- b) The Board shall have full power:
 - (i) to make such provisions, by the issue of fractional certificates or by payments in cash or otherwise as it thinks fit, in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable in fraction; and also
 - (ii) to authorize any person, on behalf of all the members entitled thereto, to enter into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to such members , credited as fully paid up, of any further shares or debentures to which they may be entitled upon such capitalization or (as the case may require) for the payment of by the Company on their behalf, by the application thereto of their respective proportions of the profits resolved to the capitalised of the amounts or any parts of the amounts remaining unpaid on the shares.
- c) Any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all such members.

ACCOUNTS

- 156. (a) The Board shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations, the accounts and books of the company, or any of them, shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors.*
- (b) No member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by law or authorised by the Board or by the company in general meeting.

AUDIT

157. *Accounts to be audited*

Every financial statement shall be audited by one or more Auditors to be appointed as hereinafter set out.

- a) The Company shall at the first annual meeting appoint an individual or a firm as an auditor who shall hold office from the conclusion of that meeting till the conclusion of its sixth annual general meeting and thereafter till the conclusion of every sixth meeting and the manner and selection of the auditors by the members of the company at such meeting shall be in accordance with Rule 3 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.
- b) Where at any Annual General Meeting, no auditor is appointed or re-appointed, the existing auditor shall continue to the auditor of the company.
- c) The Company shall within seven days of the Central Government's power under sub clause (c) becoming exercisable, give notice of that fact to the Government.
- d) The Directors may fill any casual vacancy in the office of an Auditor within 30 days but while any such vacancy continues, the remaining auditors (if any) may act. Where such a vacancy is caused by the resignation of an Auditor, the vacancy shall be approved by the company at a general meeting convened within three months of the recommendation of the Board and the auditor shall hold the office till the conclusion of the next annual general meeting.
- e) Special Notice shall be required for a resolution at an annual general meeting appointing as auditor a person other than a retiring auditor or providing expressly that a retiring auditor shall not be re-appointed except where the retiring auditor has completed a consecutive tenure of five years or as the case may be, ten years as provided under sub-section 2 of section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- f) The persons qualified for appointment as Auditors shall be only those referred to in Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- g) None of the persons mentioned in Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 as are not qualified for appointment as auditors shall be appointed as Auditors of the Company.

158. *Audit of Branch Offices*

The Company shall comply with the provisions of the Act in relation to the audit of the accounts of Branch Offices of the Company.

159. *Remuneration of Auditors*

The remuneration of the Auditors shall be fixed in the general meeting of the company or in such manner as may be determined therein.

SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS AND NOTICE

160. *Service of document on the Company*

A document may be served on the Company or an officer thereof by sending it to the Company or officer at the registered office of the company by registered post or by speed post or by courier service or by leaving it at its Registered Office or by means of such electronic or other post as prescribed under Rule 35 of Companies (Incorporation) Rules, 2014.

161. *How Document is to be served on members*

- a) A document (which expression for this purpose shall be deemed to have included and include any summons, notice requisition, process order, judgment or any other document in relation to or in winding up of the Company) may be served or sent to the Company on or to any member either personally or by sending it by post to his registered address or (if he has no registered address in India) to the address, if any, within India supplied by him to the Company for the service of notice to him or such other means as may be prescribed under the Act.
- b) All notices shall, with respect to any registered share to which persons are entitled jointly, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register and the notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share.
- c) *Where a document is sent by post*
 - (i) Service thereof shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, paying and posting a letter containing the notice provided that where a member has intimated to the Company in advance that documents should be sent to him under a certificate of posting or by registered post without acknowledgement due and has deposited with the Company a sum sufficient to defray expenses of doing so, service of the documents shall not be deemed to be effected unless it is sent in the manner intimated by the member, and
 - (ii) Unless the contrary is provided, such service shall be deemed to have been effected
 - a. In the case of a notice of a meeting, at the expiration of forty-eight hours the letter containing the notice is posted; and
 - b. In any other case, at the time at which the letter would be delivered in ordinary course of post.

Notwithstanding anything contrary contained in the Articles of Association, a document may be served by the Company or any Member by any electronic mode of communication and in such manner and is/may be permitted by any law. Where a document is served by any such electronic mode, the service thereof shall be deemed to be effected in the manner as is/may be provided by any law. Service thereof shall be deemed to be effected properly, where a member has registered his electronic mail address with the Company and has intimated the Company that documents should be sent to his registered email address, without acknowledgement due. Provided that the Company, shall provide each member an opportunity to register his email

address and change therein from time to time with the Company or the concerned depository. The Company shall fulfill all conditions required by applicable law, in this regard.

162. Members to notify address in India

Each registered holder of shares from time to time notify in writing to the Company such place in India to be registered as his address and such registered place of address shall for all purposes be deemed to be his place of residence.

163. Service on members having no registered address

If a member has no registered address in India, and has not supplied to the Company any address within India, for the giving of the notices to him, a document advertised in a newspaper circulating in the neighborhood of Registered Office of the Company shall be deemed to be duly served to him on the day on which the advertisement appears.

164. Service on persons acquiring shares on death or insolvency of members

A document may be served by the Company on the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member by sending it through the post in a prepaid letter addressed to them by name or by the title or representatives of the deceased, assignees of the insolvent by any like description at the address (if any) in India supplied for the purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled, or (until such an address has been so supplied) by serving the document in any manner in which the same might have been served as if the death or insolvency had not occurred.

165. Persons entitled to notice of General Meetings

Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, notice of General Meeting shall be given:

- (i) To the members of the Company as provided by these presents;
- (ii) To the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or insolvency of a member; and
- (iii) To the Auditors for the time being of the Company; in the manner authorized by as in the case of any member or members of the Company.

166. Notice by advertisement

Subject to the provisions of the Act any document required to be served or sent by the Company on or to the members, or any of them and not expressly provided for by these presents, shall be deemed to be duly served or sent if advertised in a newspaper circulating in the District in which the Registered Office is situated.

167. Members bound by document given to previous holders

Every person, who by the operation of law, transfer or other means whatsoever, shall become entitled to any shares shall be bound by every document in respect of such share which, previously to his name and address being entered in the register, shall have been duly served on or sent to the person from whom he derived his title to such share.

168. Any notice to be given by the Company shall be signed by the Managing Director or by such Director or Officer as the Directors may appoint. The signature to any notice to be given by the Company may be written or printed or lithographed.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

169. *Authentication of documents and proceedings*

Save as otherwise expressly provided in the Act or these Articles, a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company may be signed by a Director, the Managing Director, the Manager, the Secretary or an authorized officer of the Company and need not be under its seal.

WINDING UP

170. *Subject to the provisions of Chapter XX of the Act and rules made thereunder—*

(i) If the company shall be wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of a special resolution of the company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide amongst the members, in specie or kind, the whole or any part of the assets of the company, whether they shall consist of property of the same kind or not.

(ii) For the purpose aforesaid, the liquidator may set such value as he deems fair upon any property to be divided as aforesaid and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members.

(iii) The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of such assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the contributories if he considers necessary, but so that no member shall be compelled to accept any shares or other securities whereon there is any liability.

INDEMNITY AND RESPONSIBILITY

171. *Director's and others' right to indemnity*

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Managing Director and every Director, Manager, Secretary and other Officer or Employee of the Company shall be indemnified by the Company against any liability and it shall be the duty of Directors, out of the funds of the Company to pay, all costs and losses and expenses (including traveling expenses) which any such Director, Officer or Employee may incur or become liable to by reason of any contract entered into or act or deed done by him as such Managing Director, Director, Officer or Employee or in any way in the discharge of his duties.
- b) Subject as aforesaid the Managing Director and every Director, Manager, Secretary or other Officer or Employee of the Company shall be indemnified against any liability incurred by them or in defending any proceeding whether civil or criminal in which judgment is given in their or his favour or in which he is acquitted or discharged or in connection with any application under Sec. 463 of the Companies Act, 2013 in which relief is given to him by the Court.

172. Not responsible for acts of others

- a) Subject to the provisions of the Act no Director or other Officer of the Company shall be liable for the acts, receipt, neglects or defaults of any other Director or Officer, or for joining in any receipt or other act for conformity or for any loss or expenses happening to the Company through insufficiency or deficiency of title to any property acquired by order of the Director for or on behalf of the Company, or for the insufficiency or deficiency of any security in or upon which any of the moneys of the Company shall be invested, or for any loss or damage arising from the bankruptcy, insolvency, or tortuous act of any person, Company or Corporation, with whom any moneys, securities or effects shall be entrusted or deposited or for any loss occasioned by any error of judgment or over sight in his part or for any other loss or damage or misfortune whatever which shall happen in the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto, unless the same happens through his own willful act or default.
- b) Without prejudice to the generality foregoing it is hereby expressly declared that any filing fee payable or any document required to be filed with Register of Companies in respect of any act done or required to be done by any Director or other Officer by reason of his holding the said office, shall be paid and borne by the Company.

SECRECY CLAUSE

173. Secrecy

No member shall be entitled to inspect the Company's works without the permission of the Managing Director or to require discovery of any information respectively any detail of the Company's trading or any matter which is or may be in the nature of a trade secret, history of trade or secret process which may be related to the conduct of the business of the Company and which in the opinion of the Managing Director it will be inexpedient in the interest of the members of the Company to communicate to the public.

174. Duties of Officers to observe secrecy

Every Director, Managing Directors, Manager, Secretary, Auditor, Trustee, Members of Committee, Officer, Servant, Agent, Accountant or other persons employed in the business of the Company shall, if so required by the Director before entering upon his duties, or any time during his term of office, sign a declaration pledging himself to observe secrecy relating to all transactions of the Company and the state of accounts and in matters relating thereto and shall by such declaration pledge himself not to reveal any of such matters which may come to his knowledge in the discharge of his official duties except which are required so to do by the Directors or any meeting or by a Court of Law and except so far as may be necessary in order to comply with any of the provision of these Articles or law.

We the several persons, whose names & addressed are given hereunder, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Articles of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the Company set opposite to our respective names

	Signature, Name, Address, Description and Occupation of Subscribers	Number of Equity shares taken by each subscriber	Signature, Names, Addresses, Description & Occupation of the Witness
1.	D.C. Kothari, Industrialist, 3, Kothari Road, Madras. 34. Son of Mr. C. M. Kothari	15	D.B. Saxena, 54-A, Harrington Rd., Madras-31 Son of Bansilal Officer, Kothari & Sons
2	H.C. Kothari, Industrialist, Kothari Bagh, 4-A, Nungambakkam High Rd, Madras-34, Son of Mr. C. M. Kothari	20	
3	V. Pattabhiraman Advocate, 'Ramasraya', I-A, Rutland Gate 4th Street, Madras-6. S/o K. Venkatarama Iyer	10	
4	M.R.M. Punja, General Manager, Kothari Road, Madras-34. Son of Mr. M.R. Punja	10	
5	A.K. Bhansali, Business & Executive, 39, Subba Rao Avenue, Madras-6. Son of Dr. K.T. Bhansali	5	
6	C. Srinivasan, Industrialist, 95, Broadway, Madras-I Son of C. Authikesavalu Chettair	10	
7	P.D. Kothari, Industrialist, 3, Kothari Road. Madras-34, Son of Mr. D. C. Kothari	5	
	TOTAL	75	

Dated this 29th day of June 1970.